

MTG LI Level 2 Accumulated Products

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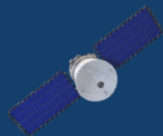
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Introduction

MET-12

-Flexible Combined
Imager (FCI)

-Lightning Imager (LI)



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Accumulated Flash
(AF)

Accumulated Flash
Area (AFA)

Accumulated Flash
Radiance (AFR)

Prototype Code:

- The organization of the
source files
- The main functions used

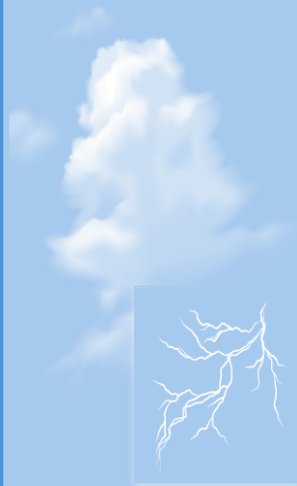
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MET-12 and its instruments

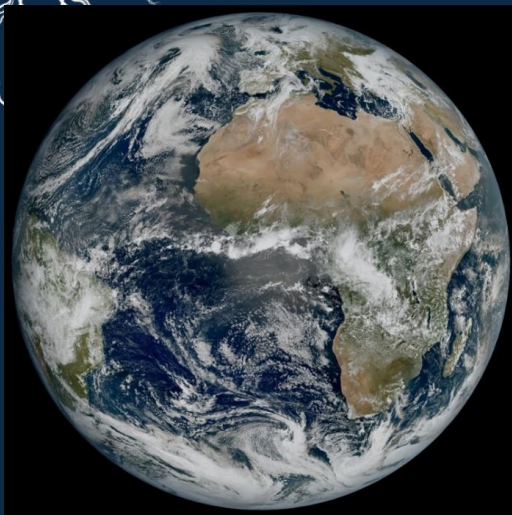


Figure 1. The first image of the complete Earth disk taken by MET-12.



1. Flexible Combined Imager (FCI)

- ❑ Has an essential role in providing more accurate information about fog, volcanic ash, air mass characteristics, clouds, aerosols, and wildfires;
- ❑ has channels over 16 spectral ranges covering visible to infrared wavelengths;
- ❑ The spectral channels VIS 0.6, NIR 2.2, IR 3.8 and IR 10.5 are delivered both in Normal Resolution (NR) and High Resolution (HR) spatial sampling configurations, Spatial Sampling Distance (SSD) at 1km and 0.5km (HR).

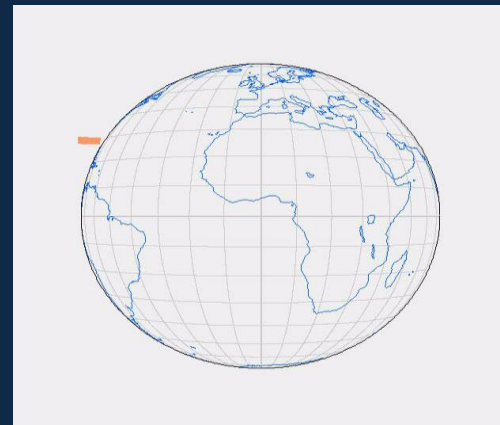
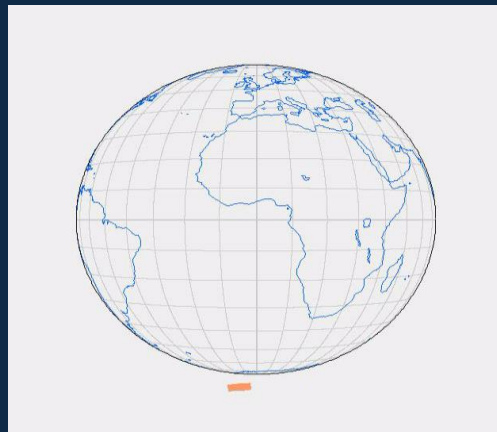
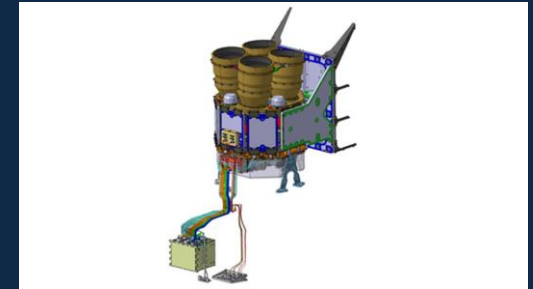
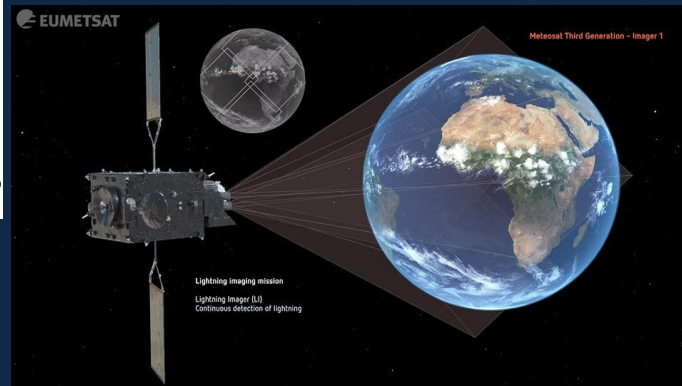


Figure 2. Animation of the FCI scanning patterns in support of the full disc service (FDSS) (left) and the rapid scanning service (RSS) (right).

- ❑ Launch in 2022, located at 0° longitude; ability to monitor over Europe, Africa, the Middle East, and parts of South America, as well as the surrounding waters.

2. Lightning Imager (LI)

- is an imaging filter spectrometer with on-board data processing for detecting lightning by measuring the lightning optical pulse signal from the top of the atmosphere;
- The so-called LI Optical Head (LOH) includes four identical optical cameras (OC). Each OC is composed of a baffle for stray light, an optical system, a focal plane assembly with a 1000×1170 pixels CMOS detector and front-end electronics, including the real-time pixel processors for the on-board processing;
- Spectral band: narrowband filter centered over the neutral oxygen triplet at 777.4nm with 1.9nm bandwidth;
- Spatial sampling: the sampling at sub-satellite point is 4.5km, ie, smaller than typical dimensions of optical pulses expected from lightning activity, while over central Europe it is about 7km
- Temporal sampling: the integration time of 1ms period is comparable to the typical duration of pulses and twice the duration of the 'peak phase' (ie, about 0.5ms).



Figures 4, 5. A 3D representation of the Lightning Imager Instrument.

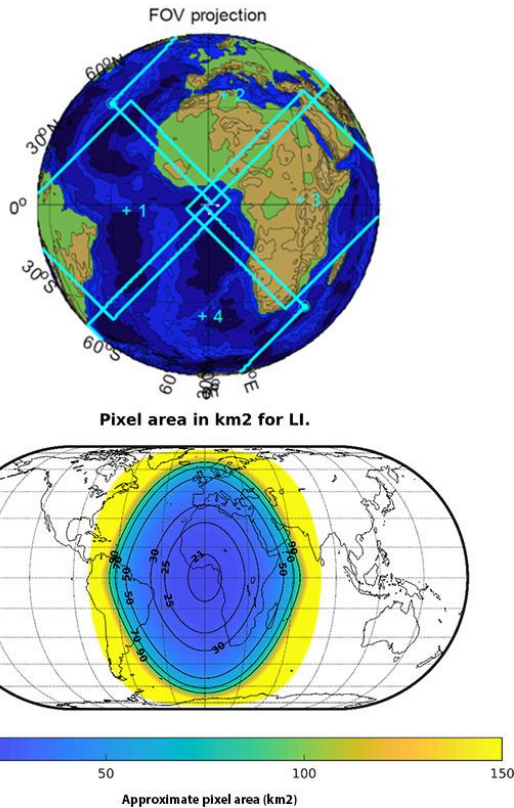
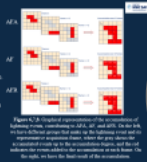


Figure 3. Shows how each optical camera observes a different portion of the Earth disc: the required FOV coverage for the mission is 84% of the Earth disc observable from the 0° longitude geostationary position, and 100% of the territories of all the EUMETSAT member states.

Types of data level 2

- Lightning Radar (LRF)
- Lightning Radar (LRF)
- Accumulated Flash Area (AFA)
- Accumulated Flash Area (AFA)
- Accumulated Flash Area (AFA)
- Accumulated Flash Area (AFA)



Date testare cod dezvoltat

un set de teste de date pentru a verifica corectitudinea
programului de calcul al datelor de nivel 2 dezvoltate
de catre EUMETSAT NWC SAF.

Test	Descriere
Test 1	Verificarea corectitudinii datelor de nivel 2 dezvoltate de catre EUMETSAT NWC SAF.
Test 2	Verificarea corectitudinii datelor de nivel 2 dezvoltate de catre EUMETSAT NWC SAF.
Test 3	Verificarea corectitudinii datelor de nivel 2 dezvoltate de catre EUMETSAT NWC SAF.
Test 4	Verificarea corectitudinii datelor de nivel 2 dezvoltate de catre EUMETSAT NWC SAF.
Test 5	Verificarea corectitudinii datelor de nivel 2 dezvoltate de catre EUMETSAT NWC SAF.



2. Data and Prototype code



NWC SAF Library	Metadata	Result	Functionality
NWC SAF Library	Metadata	Result	Functionality
NWC SAF Library	Metadata	Result	Functionality
NWC SAF Library	Metadata	Result	Functionality
NWC SAF Library	Metadata	Result	Functionality

The prototype of the developed code in the C programming language.

Table 1. Main stages of Program Execution

1. Main stage: This stage is responsible for the initialization of the program and the loading of the data. It also handles the user input and the output of the program.

2. The calculation stage: This stage is responsible for the calculation of the lightning activity. It uses the data loaded in the previous stage and the algorithms implemented in the program.

3. The output stage: This stage is responsible for the output of the results. It generates the maps and the data files that are used for the analysis.

4. The final stage: This stage is responsible for the final processing of the data. It generates the final maps and the data files that are used for the analysis.

The main functions used

1. Initialization: This function is responsible for the initialization of the program and the loading of the data. It also handles the user input and the output of the program.

2. Calculation: This function is responsible for the calculation of the lightning activity. It uses the data loaded in the previous stage and the algorithms implemented in the program.

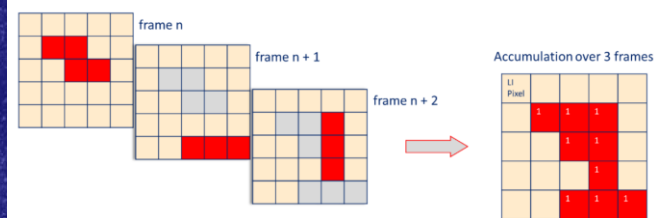
3. Output: This function is responsible for the output of the results. It generates the maps and the data files that are used for the analysis.

4. Final processing: This function is responsible for the final processing of the data. It generates the final maps and the data files that are used for the analysis.

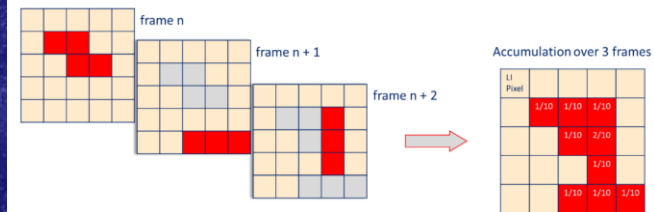
Types of data level 2

- ❑ Lightning flashes-LFL
- ❑ Lightning groups-LGR
- ❑ Accumulated Flash Area (AFA)
 - provides information about the area covered by the optical emission of each lightning strike.
- ❑ Accumulated Flashes (AF)
 - it complements AFA by providing information about the variation in the number of events in an area of interest where lightning activity has been observed.
- ❑ Accumulated Flash Radiance (AFR)
 - it provides information about the pixel-by-pixel variation of accumulated optical emissions over a 30-second period.

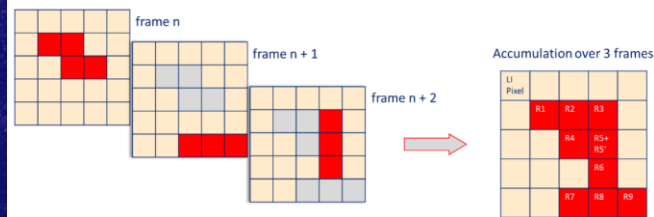
AFA



AF



AFR



Figures 6,7,8. Graphical representation of the accumulation of lightning events, contributing to AFA, AF, and AFR. On the left, we have different groups that make up the lightning event and its representative acquisition frame, where the gray shows the accumulated events up to the accumulation degree, and the red indicates the events added to the accumulation at each frame. On the right, we have the final result of the accumulation.

Data Used

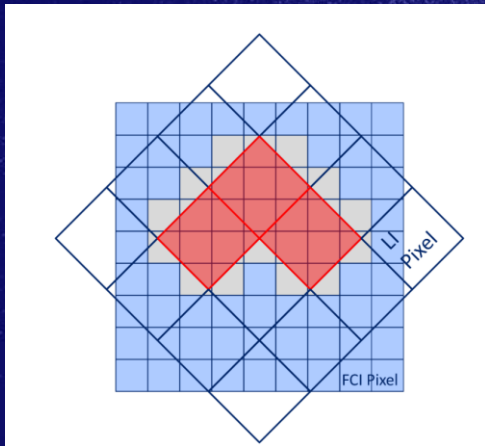


Figure 9. The diagram illustrates the reprojection of three accumulated LI pixels (red pixels within the grid tilted at 45°; pixel size 4.5 km) onto the FCI level 1c grid (gray pixels within the light blue-colored grid; pixel size 2 km).

- ❑ Lightning groups–Full Disc (LGR-FD): **61 files per cycle** (60 body chunks and one trail file)
- ❑ Lightning Flashes–Full Disc (LFL-FD): **61 files per cycle** (60 body chunks and one trail file)
- ❑ Accumulated Flash Radiance–Full Disc (AFR-FD): **21 files per cycle** (20 body chunks and one trail file)
- ❑ Accumulated Flashes–Full Disc (AF-FD): **21 files per cycle** (20 body chunks and one trail file)
- ❑ Accumulated Flash Area–Full Disc (AFA-FD): **21 files per cycle** (20 body chunks and one trail file)
- ❑ The developed code can also be used for all **LI Level 2 to accumulate products for 10 minutes**: Accumulated Flash Area (AFA), Accumulated Flashes (AF) and Accumulated Flash Radiance (AFR).

The prototype of the developed code in the C programming language.

Advantages

- Ensures increased control over the processed data.
- Allows efficient resource management and optimization of the workflow, which are essential aspects for achieving precise and effective results.

Disadvantages

- High complexity, strict requirements, and the need for a meticulous approach, as the programmer must have a deep understanding of both memory allocation and its manipulation.

Table 1. Main Stages of Program Execution

Nr.	Main Steps	Description
1.	Reading the configuration files	Reading the necessary information to identify the satellite's position as well as the bands used
2.	The initialization of variables	Allocating the necessary memory for matrices to ensure the proper execution of the program
3.	Reading input files	Reading satellite data over a configurable time period using the variables t_{minus} and t_{plus} , which represent the start and end times of the data of interest for processing.
4.	Data accumulation	Populating a common matrix set with all the data read in the previous step.
5.	Writing output files	Generating a NetCDF file that contains the final data.
6.	Free memory	In the C programming language, it is necessary to both allocate and free the used memory at the end of execution.

NWCLIB Library	Makefile	Result	Functionalities
<p>NWCLIB is a specialized library developed as part of the EUMETSAT Nowcasting Satellite Application Facility (NWCSAF) initiative. It is designed to support nowcasting and very short-term forecasting activities using satellite data and is widely used in meteorological and atmospheric research, particularly with data from geostationary satellites.</p>	<p>Writing a makefile that contains rules and instructions for compiling the entire code, specifying the files that need to be included, and defining the dependencies between them. Using rules, the makefile helps in building the project more quickly and allows for easy modification of files for compilation, so that the project can be run more efficiently.</p>	<p>The result obtained is a NetCDF file containing data in the form of a 5568x5568 two-dimensional matrix with rows and columns. The obtained data contains positive values, greater than or equal to 0.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Computing elements in linear and discrete domains for one-dimensional and two-dimensional data. ❖ Performing statistical calculations such as standard deviation, matrix arithmetic, and more.

```
safnwc: /home/safnwc/src/LIStack =>ls
```

```
Initialise.c  LIStack.o  ParallaxCorrection.c  ReadData.o  WriteLIMetrics.o  WriteLIProduct.o
Initialise.o  makefile  ParallaxCorrection.o  run_exe_example  WriteLIProduct.c  WriteNcdf.c
LIStack.c    ok3       ReadData.c           WriteLIMetrics.c  WriteLIProduct.h  WriteNcdf.o
```

The main functions used

Nr.	Function	Function description	Input Files
1.	<u>NwcTimeSetStr</u>	Set all elements of the Utc structure according the date/time provided in YYYYMMDDThhmmssZ format; A single Utc structure stores a single date in different formats, including: YYYYMMDDThhmmssZ , YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ , seconds since 1JAN1970, Julian Date and struct tm .	"str": Input representing the date/time in the format: YYYYMMDDThhmmssZ.
2.	<u>NwcMemMallocF2D</u>	Allocates a 2D matrix of float.	"nlines": Number of rows. "ncols": Number of columns.
3.	<u>NwcRegionSet</u>	Initiates the processing region ; Returns an array of region structures for all 3 generic satellite resolutions (NR: Nominal = Low Resolution, HR: High Resolution, VHR: Very High Resolution) For example for SEVIRI, NR is VISIR and HR is HRVIS. VHR does not apply for SEVIRI. The regions defined in each satellite/band resolution perfectly match Each region structure stores information about the resolution and navigation coefficients.	"region_file": The name of the configuration file representing the region.
4.	<u>NwcNavGetLatLon</u>	Computes the latitude and longitude for each pixel in the processing region. Allocates and returns two 2D matrices storing the latitude and longitude of the center of each pixel in the processing region.	"region": A vector of processing regions (values initialized using the NwcRegionSet() function). "res": Required for the satellite resolution.
5.	<u>NwcAuxReadSatLIL2</u>	Receives LI Level 2 products: LFL and LGR. Taking into account the time and region constraints, this function outputs the number of lightning events and a vector containing information about them. Additionally, it supports reading products from MTG-LIL2 and GLM.	"region": A vector of structures describing the processing regions (for all resolutions). "slot": The timestamp for processing. "t_minus": The start time for reading data intended for processing, calculated in minutes as slot - t_minus. "t_plus": The stop time for reading data intended for processing, calculated in minutes as slot + t_plus. "product": Defines the type of lightning product to be read: { LFL, LGR }.
6.	<u>nwcAuxReadAccLIL2</u>	This is a generic function used to read lightning products including LFL and LGR. The function return the number of lightning data (nb_l) and the array with lightning data (l) read from LIL2 lightning products matching the time and region constrains. This function supports reading MTG-LIL2 and GLM data products.	"region": A vector of structures describing the processing regions (for all resolutions). "slot": The timestamp for processing. "t_minus": The start time for reading data intended for processing, calculated in minutes as slot - t_minus. "t_plus": The stop time for reading data intended for processing, calculated in minutes as slot + t_plus. "product": Defines the type of lightning product to be read: { AF, AFA, AFR }.
7.	<u>NwcMemFreeF2D</u>	Frees a 2D matrix of float.	I: Pointer to a two-dimensional matrix of type Float_32. O: NULL.

Nr.	Function	Function description	Input Files
8.	<i>NwcLog</i>	Sends a Notification message. A parameter defines the type of message (Info, Debug, Warning, Error or Progress)	"type": Message type ('Info', 'Warning', 'Error', 'Debug', 'Progress')."sender": Notification sender (NWC/GEO module)."version": Sender version fmt": Message (formatted similarly to the printf ()
9.	<i>nc_def_dim</i>	Define a dimension in the NetCDF file (lat/lon).	"ncid": Identification number of a previously used file, associated with one of the functions nc_open(), nc_create(), nc_def_grp(), or nc_inq_ncid()."name": The name of the dimension to be created."len": The length of this dimension. Use the NC_UNLIMITED macro for unlimited dimensions."idp": A pointer to the memory location where the dimension ID will be stored.
10.	<i>nc_def_var</i>	Define the required variables.	"ncid": Identification number of a previously used file, associated with one of the functions nc_open(), nc_create(), nc_def_grp(), or nc_inq_ncid()."name": The name of the NetCDF variables."xtype": Data type of the variables."ndims": Number of dimensions for the variables. dimidsp": Array of dimension IDs (ndims) corresponding to the dimensions of the variables."varidp": A pointer to the memory location for the returned variable ID.
11.	<i>nc_put_att_float</i>	Function to write attributes.	int ncid, int varid, const char *name, nc_type xtype, size_t len, const float *value
12.	<i>nc_enddef</i>	Finalize the definition mode after all dimensions and variables have been declared in the file.	"ncid": Identification number of a previously used file, associated with one of the functions nc_open() or nc_create().
13.	<i>nc_put_var_float</i>	Write floating-point data to the memory location allocated for the specified variable.	"ncid": Identification number of a previously used file, associated with one of the functions nc_open(), nc_create(), nc_def_grp(), or nc_inq_ncid()."varid": The ID of the variable."op": A pointer to the memory location from which the data will be copied.
14.	<i>NwcProdWriteInit</i>	Initializes (creates) a NWC/GEO product to be further built using other NwcProdWrite* functions.	This function writes the common attributes and dimensions.
15.	<i>WriteLIMetrics</i>	Write products metrics to a NetCDF file	Float_32 *completeness – A pointer to a floating-point variable representing completeness .Float_32 *quality – A pointer to a floating-point variable representing quality.Float_32 **dataAFA – A 2D array of floating-point values, possibly related to a specific dataset .Float_32 **dataAF – Another 2D array, possibly storing "AF" metrics.Float_32 **dataAFR – Another 2D array, possibly storing "AFR" metrics.Float_32 **lat – A 2D array representing latitude values.Float_32 **lon – A 2D array representing longitude values.
16.	<i>nc_close</i>	Close the NetCDF file, save the changes, and release the allocated memory resources.	"ncid": Identification number of a previously used file, associated with one of the functions nc_open(), nc_create().
17.	<i>RotateMatrix180</i>	Rotate the matrix with 180 degree.	Float_32 **data – A pointer to a pointer representing a matrix of 32-bit floating-point numbers. Psing_region *region – A pointer to a Psing_region structure, which likely defines the region of the matrix to be rotated.

3. Results

❖ Software QGIS

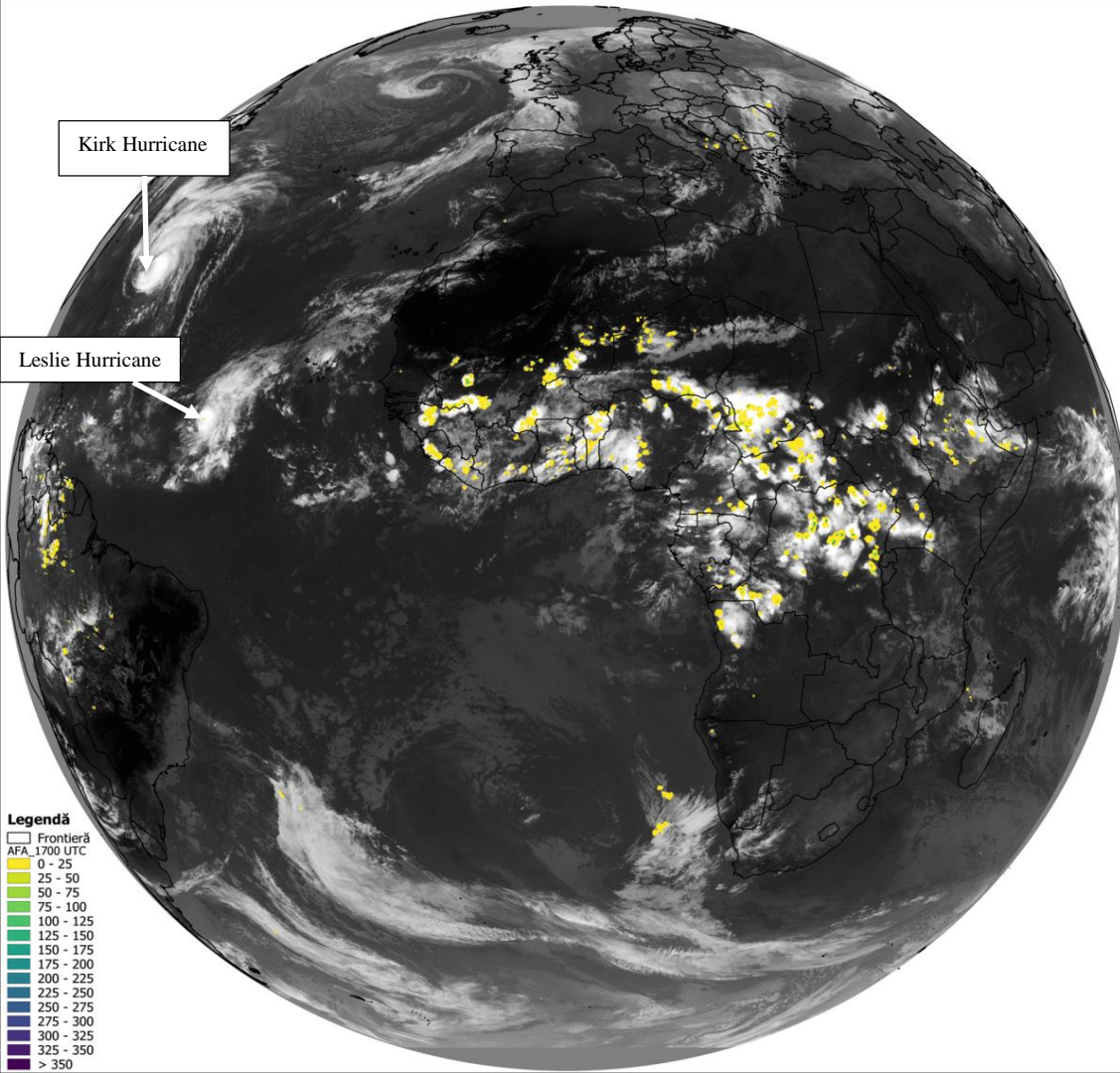


Figure 10. Animation over Europe, Africa, the Middle East, and parts of South America displaying the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) product for October 5, 2024, from 17:00 to 19:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRFI IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT.

<https://view.eumetsat.int/productviewer?v=default> .



Figure 11. Animation over Europe and northern Africa displaying the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) product for October 5, 2024, from 17:00 to 19:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRFI IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT. <https://view.eumetsat.int/productviewer?v=default>.

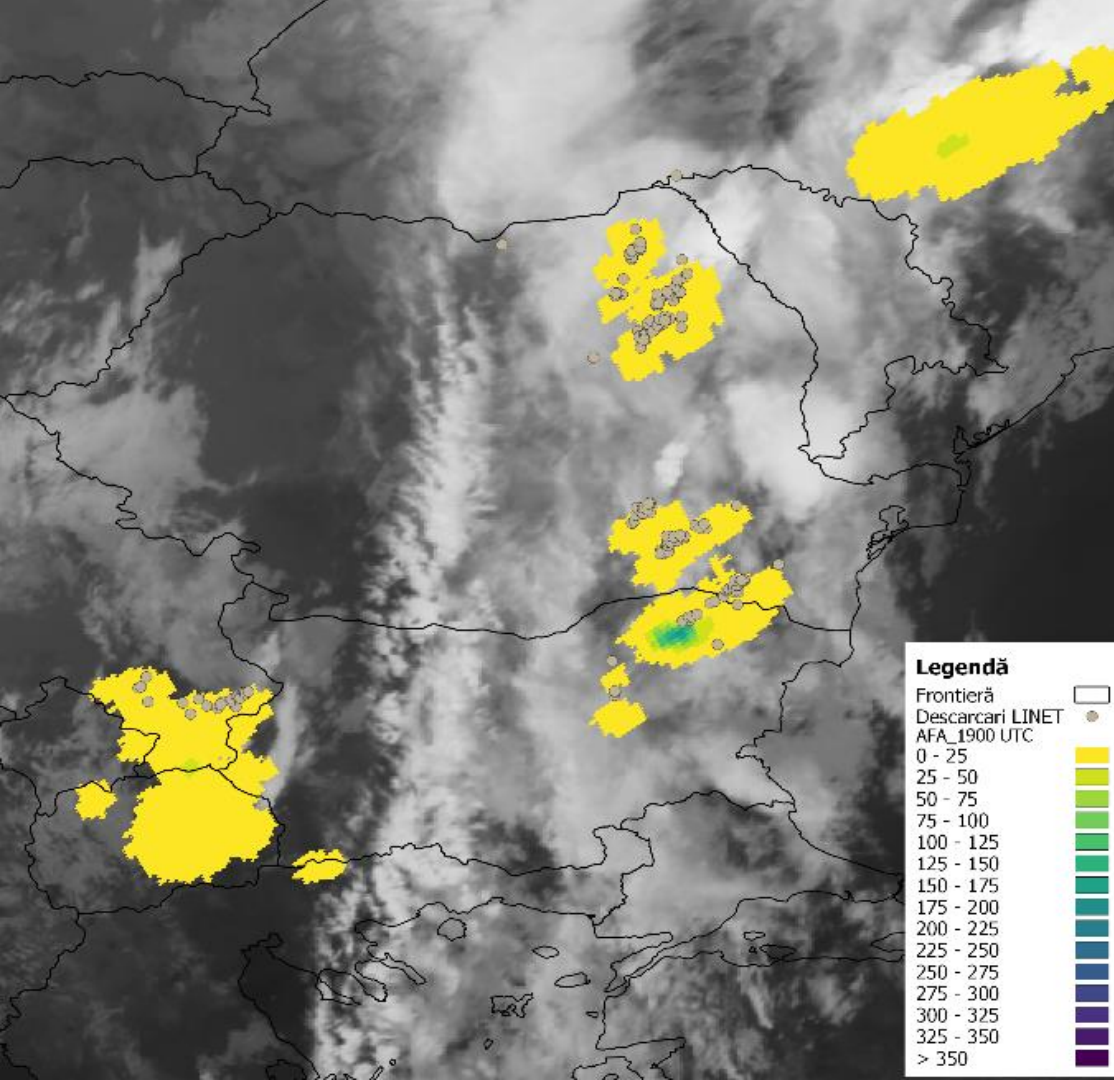
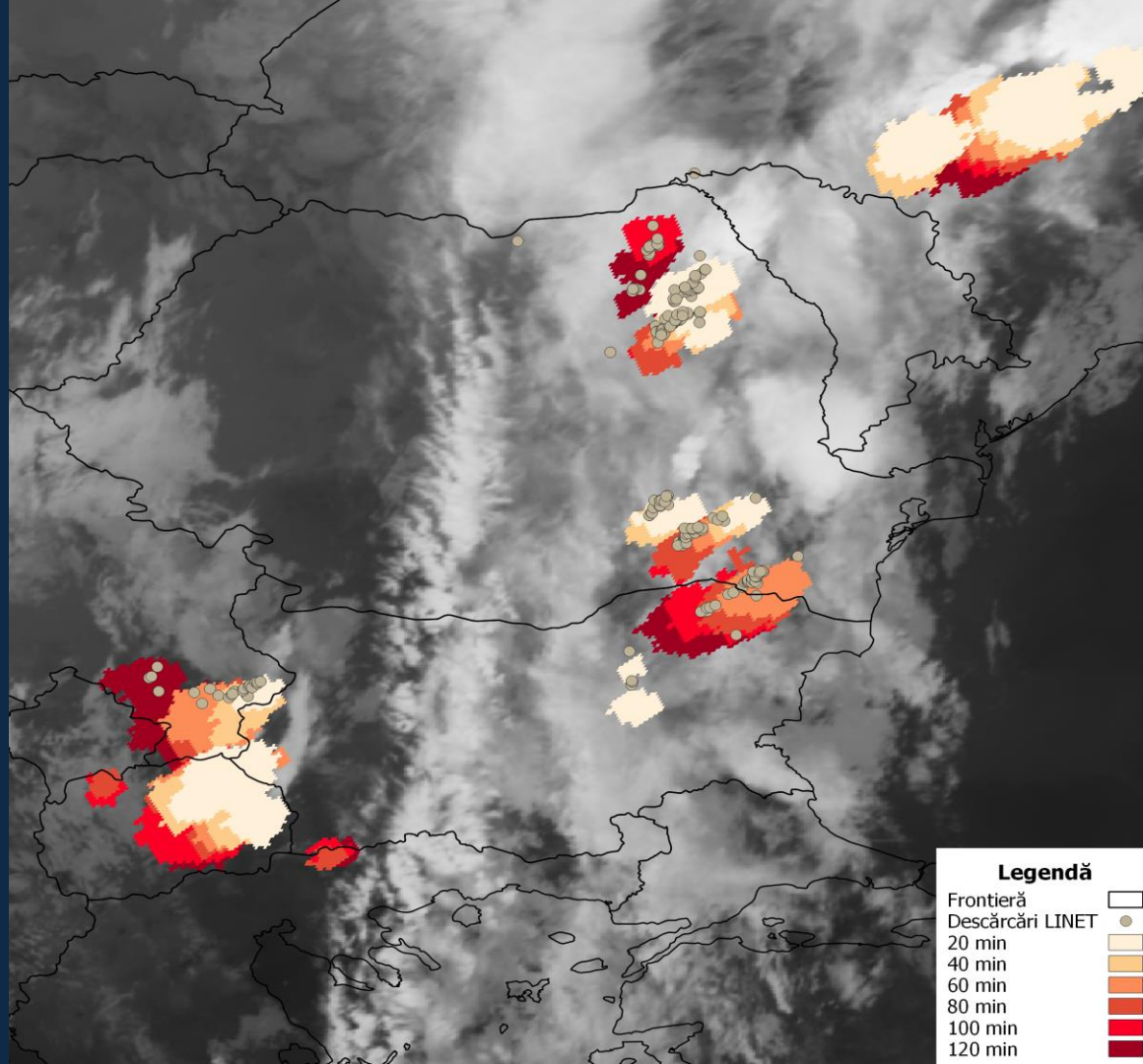


Figure 12. Comparison between the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) with data from the Romanian ground-based Lightning Location Network for October 5, 2024, from 17:00 to 19:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRFI IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT.

<https://view.eumetsat.int/productviewer?v=default>

Figure 13. Another comparison between the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) with data from the Romanian ground-based Lightning Location Network for October 5, 2024, from 17:00 to 19:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRFI IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT.

<https://view.eumetsat.int/productviewer?v=default>



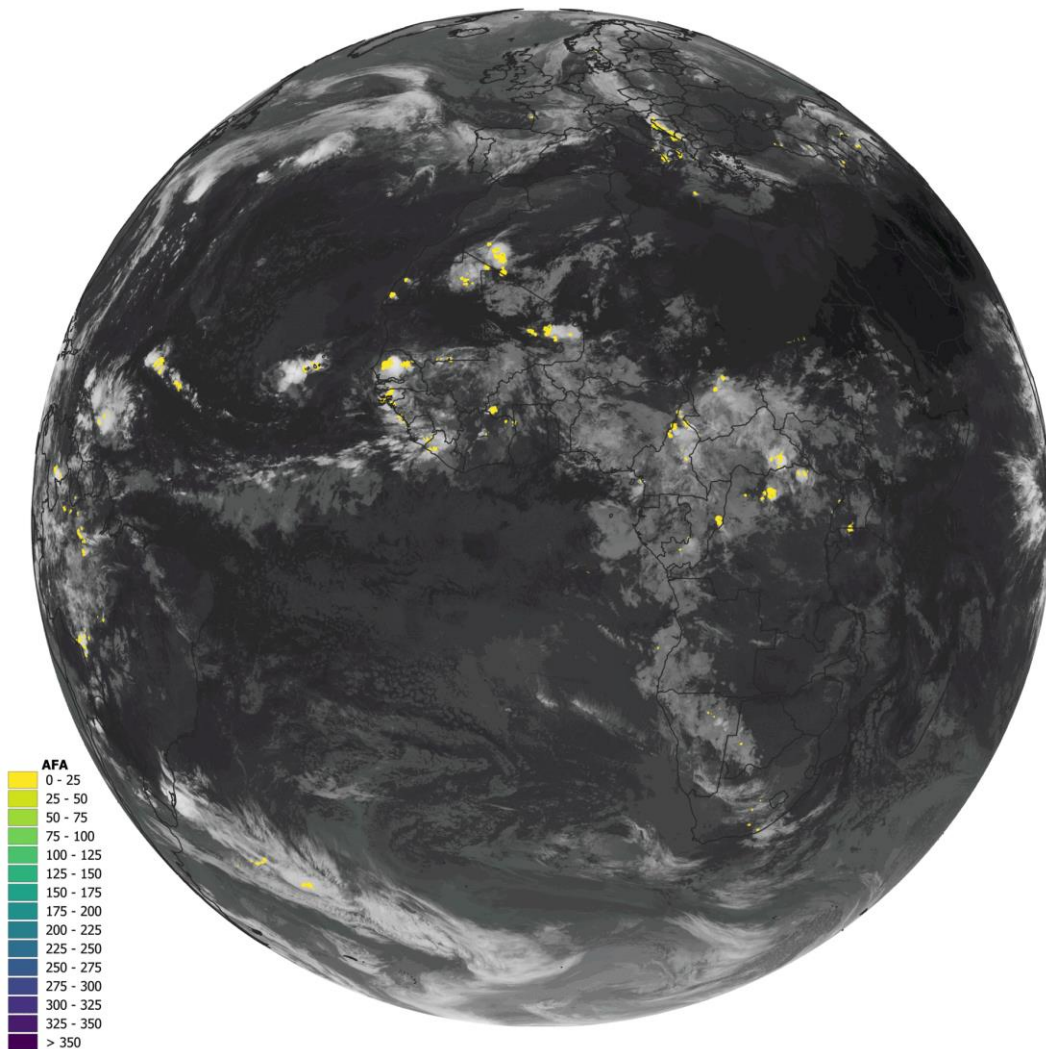


Figure 14. Animation over Europe, Africa, the Middle East, and parts of South America displaying the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) product for September 24, 2024, from 05:00 to 07:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRFI IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT.

<https://view.eumetsat.int/productviewer?v=default> .

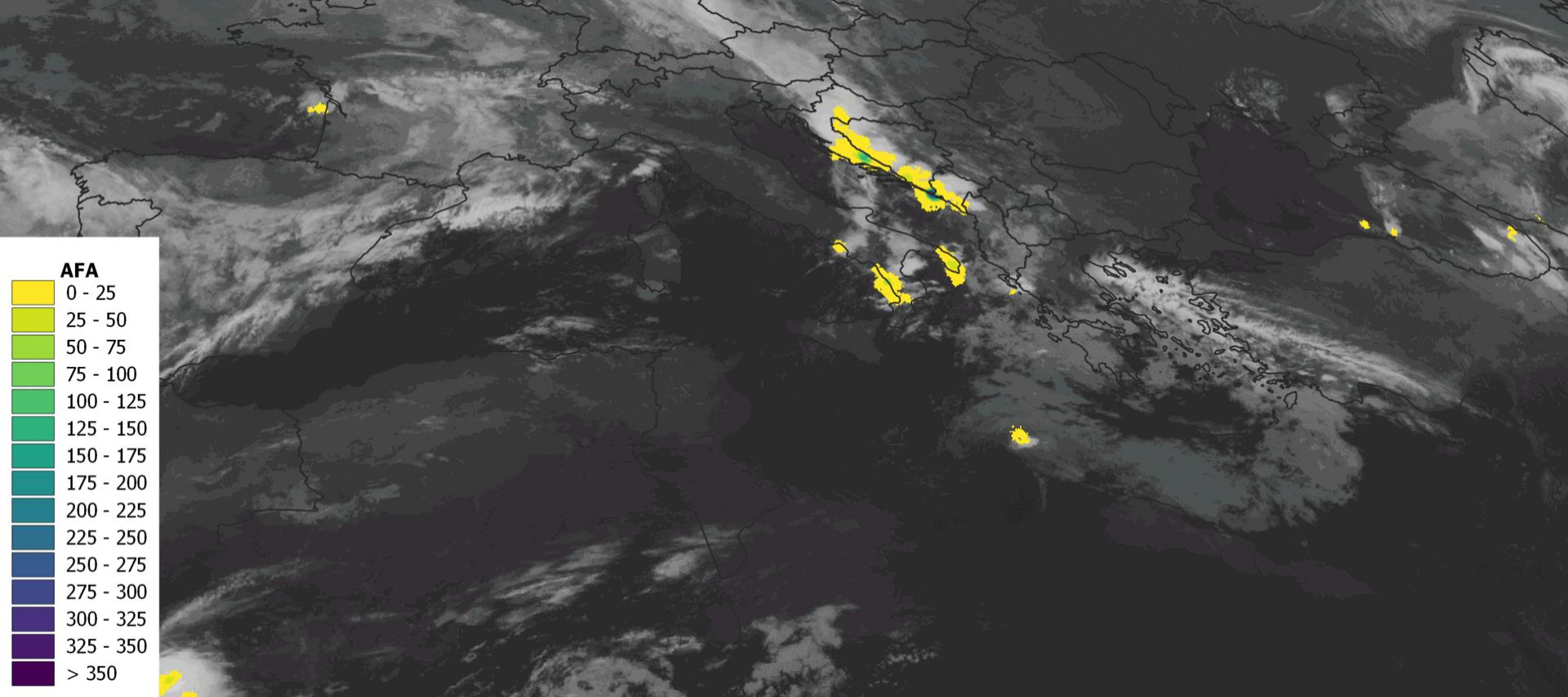


Figure 15. Animation over Europe and northern Africa displaying the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) product for September 24, 2024, from 05:00 to 07:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRFI IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT.

ADAGUC Viewer Training

MTG LI Level 2 Accumulated Products For a Configurable Period of Time

Lightning Animation Full Disc

The animation displays the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) product for September 24, 2024, between 05:00 and 07:00 UTC. The base layer uses FCI HRF1 IR 10.5 μm data from EUMETSAT.

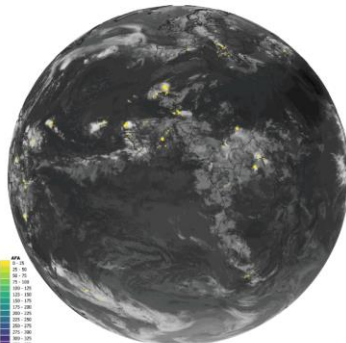


Figure 1: Animation over Europe, Africa, the Middle East, and parts of South America displaying the Level 2 LI Accumulated Flash Area (AFA) product for September 24, 2024, from 05:00 to 07:00 UTC.

Animation Over Europe and Northern Africa

Latest News

2025/01/16

LISack Prototype: correct link

Dear users,
last news had a mistake in one of our links, here you can find the news correctly:

our team is developing a LISack prototype that ensure an accumulation over a configurable time period of LI level 2 accumulated (gridded) data (stack the 30-second-long EUMETSAT data).

The prototype has been already implemented on the European Weather

<https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.ewcloud.host/>

<https://www.nwcsaf.org/AemetWebContents/listack/LI.html>

<https://www.nwcsaf.org/web/guest/listack>

A Python prototype has been already implemented on the European Weather Cloud (EWC) and its results (for the last 3 hours, 10 minutes accumulations) are available by accessing ADAGUC Viewer: <https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.ewcloud.host/>

The screenshot shows the ADAGUC Viewer web application. The main area is a map of Europe and the Middle East, with various countries and cities labeled. The interface includes a search bar at the top left, a toolbar with icons for Add, NWC, EXP, and settings, and a sidebar on the right with a file explorer showing folders like adaguc::autowms, adaguc::data, and adaguc::datasets. The map displays various countries and cities, with a coordinate system at the bottom.

ADAGUC Viewer

adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.ewcloud.host

Search

EUMETSAT NWCSAF
SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

App AutoWMS

AutoWMS link:
<https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.ewcloud.host/autowms/>

Current folder: /

-(0)

Refresh

adaguc::autowms

adaguc::data

adaguc::datasets

Coord'X: (0127576, -108206) meter
Lat'Lon: (33.11, -3.97) degrees
Map projection: EPSG:32627

ADAGUC viewer 3.3.0

ADAGUC Viewer

adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eucloud.host

Imported User Notification Se... Zimbra Web Client... Login | EUMETSAT ADAGUC Viewer EUMETSAT - OSSI... Eumetview ANM Portal Google

Add NWC EXP

Search

Sverige

EUMETSAT
NWC SAF
SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

App 'AutoWMS'

AutoWMS link:
<https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eucloud.host/autowms/>

Current folder: /

Refresh

Selector

EUMETSAT
NWC SAF
SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

Satellite to radar

Infrared Hyperspectral Retrievals

Accumulated MTG LI Lightning

Coord: X: (9127976, -108206) meter
CartLon: (92.11, -9.97) degrees
Map projection: EPSG:3857

Mali Niger

ADAGUC webapijs 3.3.6

ADAGUC Viewer

adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eucloud.host

Imported

User Notification Se...

Zimbra Web Client...

Login | EUMETSAT

ADAGUC Viewer

EUMETSAT - OSS...

Eumetview

ANM Portal

Google

Add

NWC

EXP

Settings

Search

EUMETSAT
NWC SAF

SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

App 'AutoWMS'

AutoWMS link:

https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eucloud.host/autowms?

Current folder: /

Refresh

Add Layers and Services

Accumulated flashes.
NWC SAF 5 min AF accumulation.

Accumulated flash radiance.
NWC SAF 5 min AFR accumulation.

Accumulated flash area.
NWC SAF 5 min AFA accumulation.

BACK

Add custom WMS service...

CLOSE

موريتانيا

Coord(X: (9127976, -108206) meter

Lat/Lon: (33.11, -0.97) degrees

Map projection: EPSG:3857

Mali

Niger

ADAGUC Webv3.3.0

ADAGUC Viewer

adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eucloud.host

Imported

User Notification Se...

Zimbra Web Client...

Login | EUMETSAT

ADAGUC Viewer

EUMETSAT - OSS...

Eumetview

ANM Portal

Google

Add

NWC

EXP

Settings

Search

EUMETSAT
NWC SAF

SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

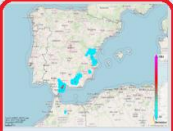
App 'AutoWMS'

AutoWMS link:
<https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eucloud.host/autowms/>


Current folder: /

Refresh


Add Layers and Services



Accumulated flashes.
NWC SAF 5 min AF accumulation.



Accumulated flash radiance.
NWC SAF 5 min AFR accumulation.



Accumulated flash area.
NWC SAF 5 min AFA accumulation.

BACK

Add custom WMS service...

CLOSE

موريتانيا

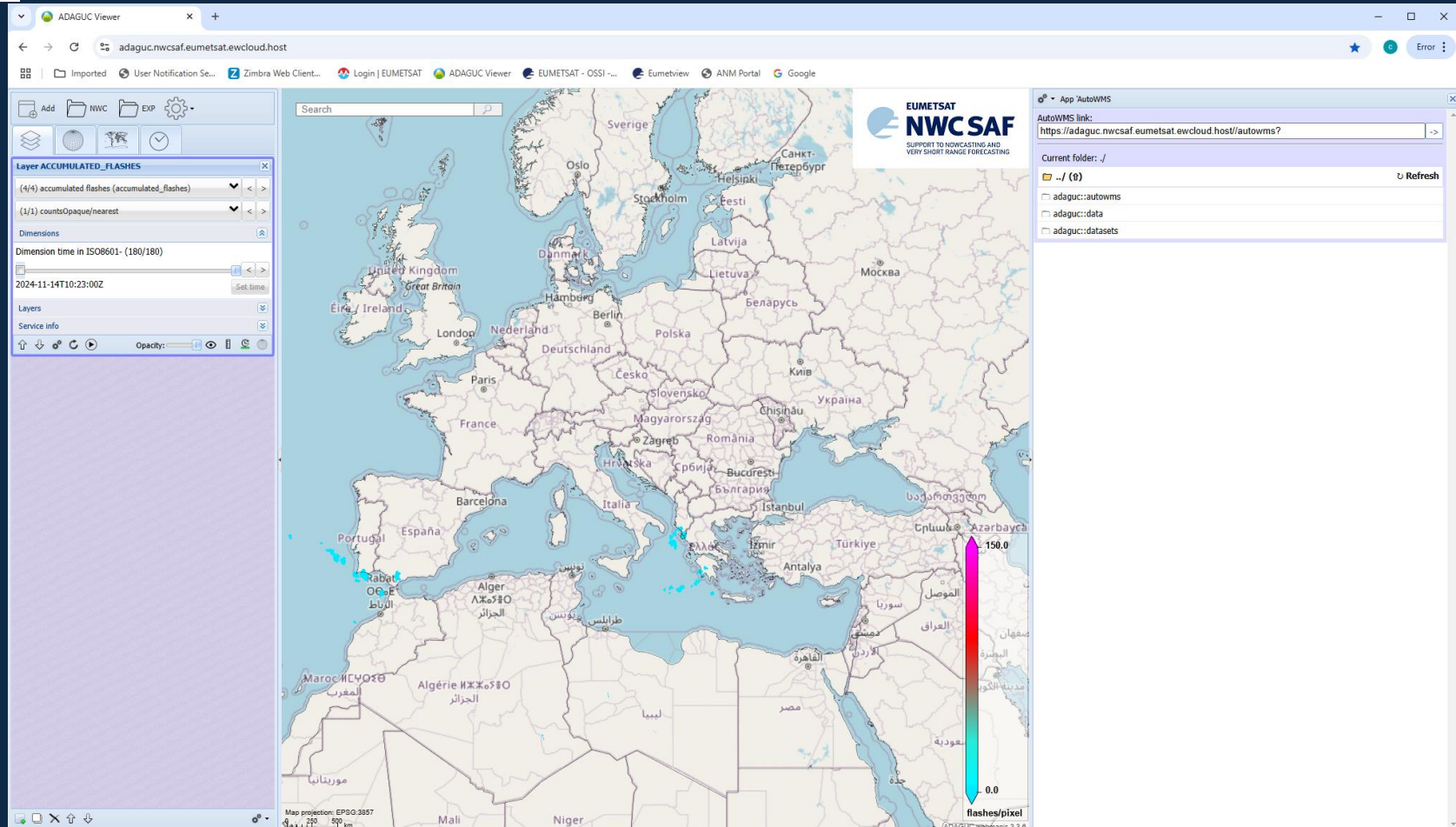
Coord(X: (9127976,-108206) meter
Lat/Lon: (35.11,-0.97) degrees
Map projection: EPSG:3857

200 500 km

Mali

Niger

ADAGUC Webv3.3.0



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NWC

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Sverige

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NWCSAF

SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

App 'AutoWMS'

AutoWMS link:

<https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.ewcloud.host/autowms?>

Current folder: /

Refresh

Add Layers and Services

Accumulated flashes.
NWC SAF 5 min AF accumulation.

Accumulated flash radiance.
NWC SAF 5 min AFR accumulation.

Accumulated flash area.
NWC SAF 5 min AFA accumulation.

BACK

Add custom WMS service...

CLOSE

موريتانيا

Coord(X: (9127578, -108200) meter

Lat/Lon: (03.11, -0.97) degrees

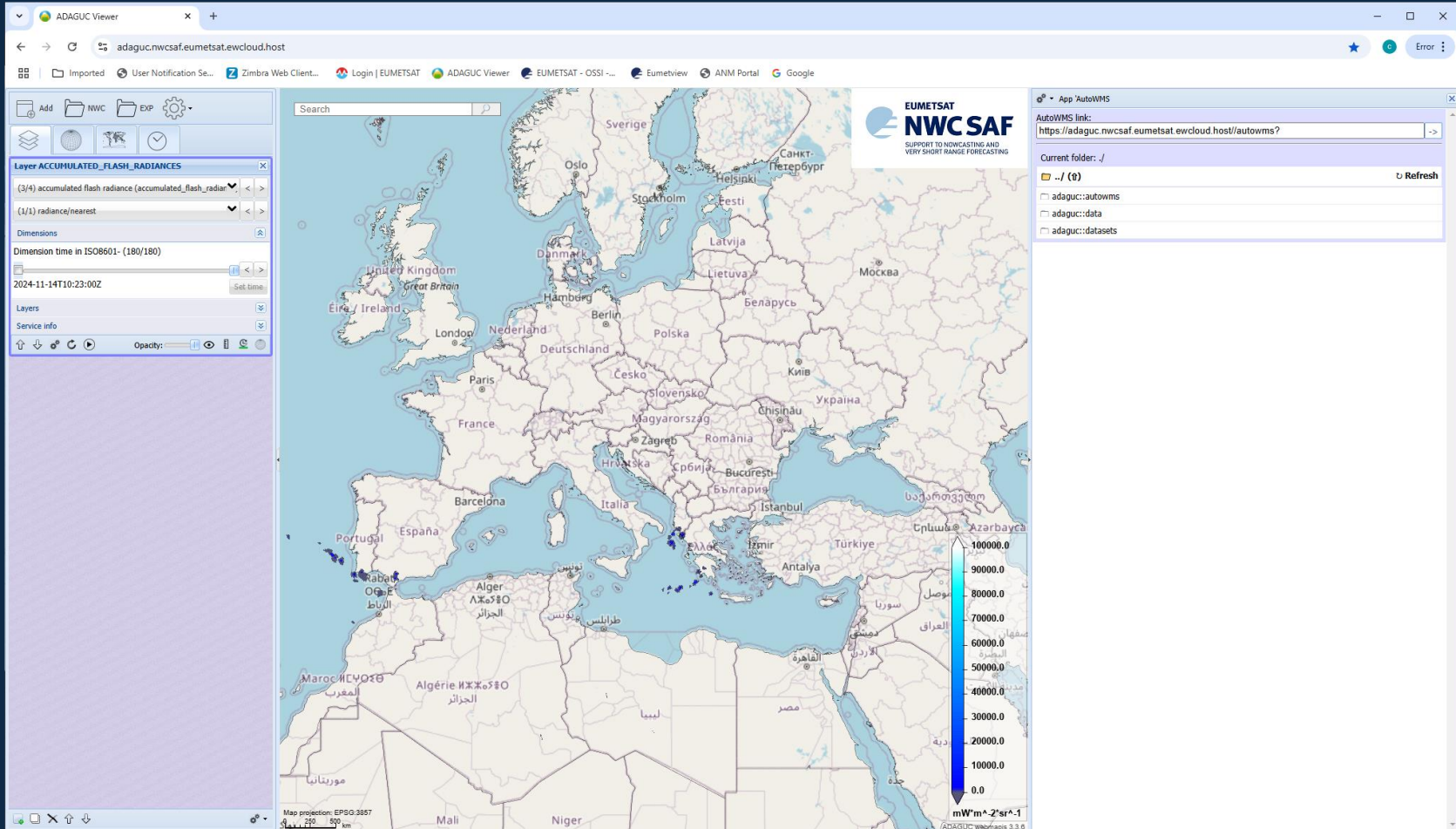
Map projection: EPSG:3857

0 200 400 km

Mali

Niger

ADAGUC webmaps 3.3.0



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SUPPORT TO NOWCASTING AND
VERY SHORT RANGE FORECASTING

App 'AutoWMS'


AutoWMS link:

https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.ewcloud.host/autowms?


Current folder: /

Refresh


Add Layers and Services



Accumulated flashes.
NWC SAF 5 min AF accumulation.



Accumulated flash radiance.
NWC SAF 5 min AFR accumulation.



Accumulated flash area.
NWC SAF 5 min AFA accumulation.

BACK

Add custom WMS service...

CLOSE

Coord (X): (9127576, -108200) meter

Lat/lon: (83.11, -0.97) degrees

Map projection: EPSG:3627

200

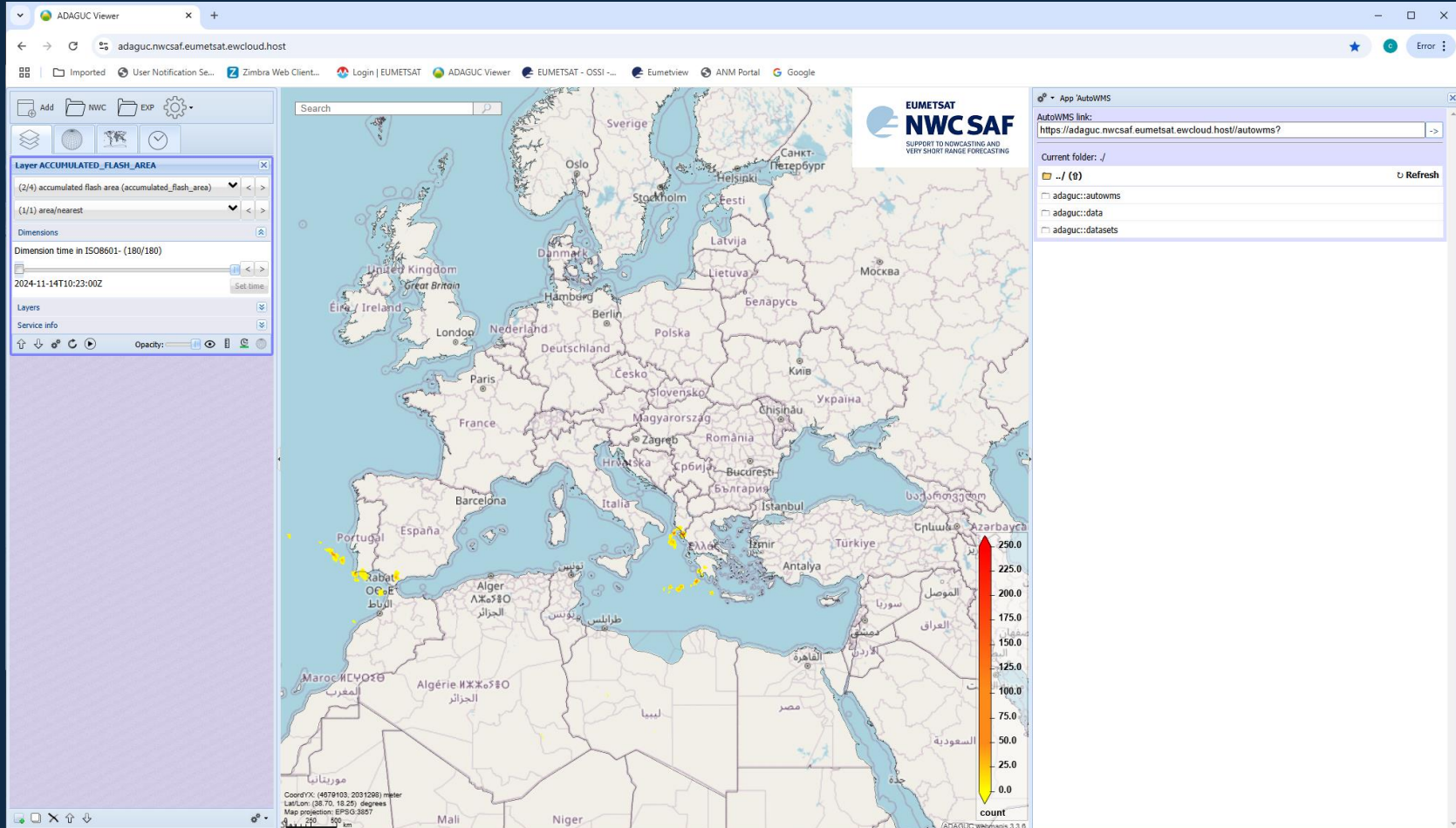
500

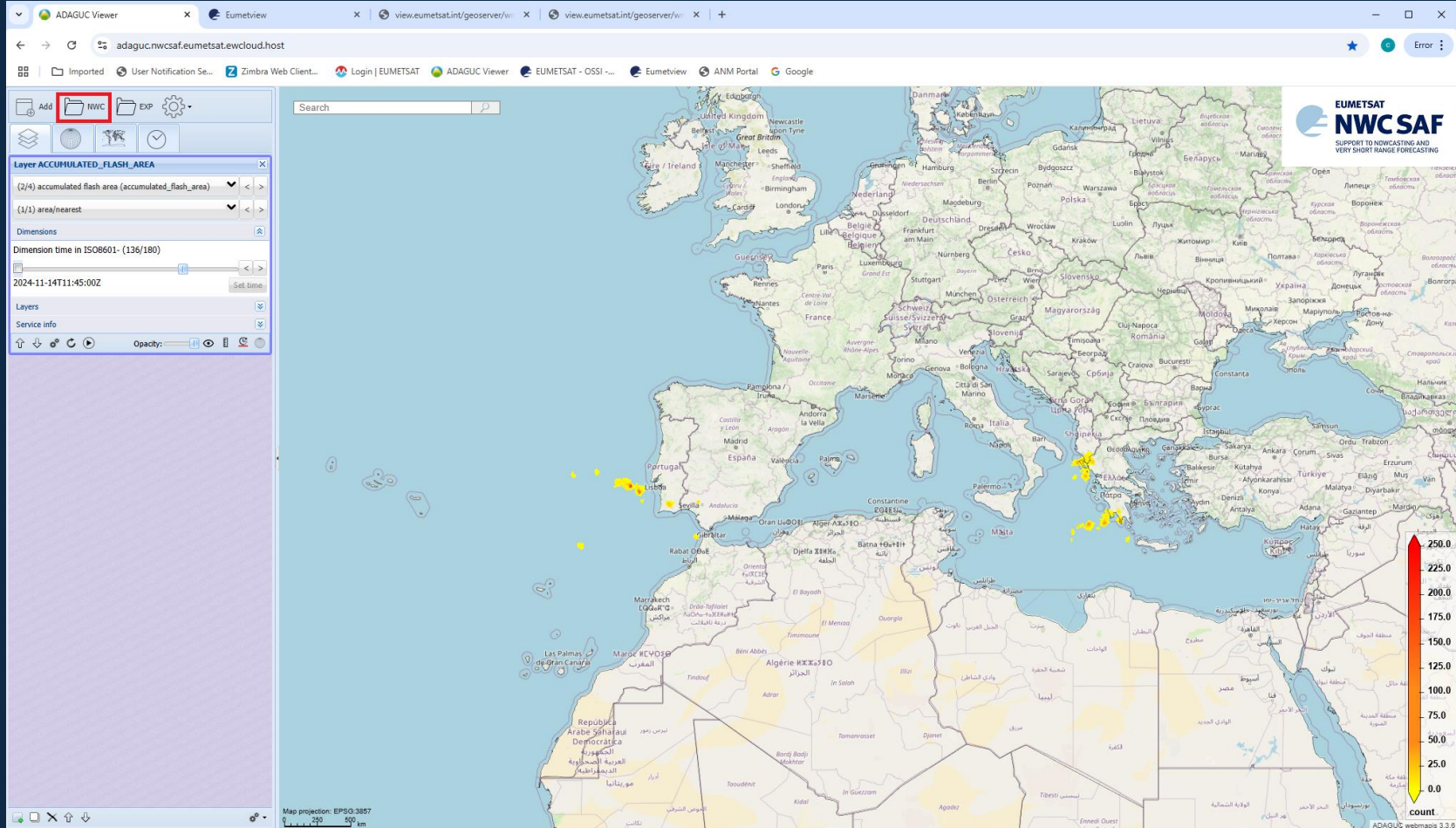
km

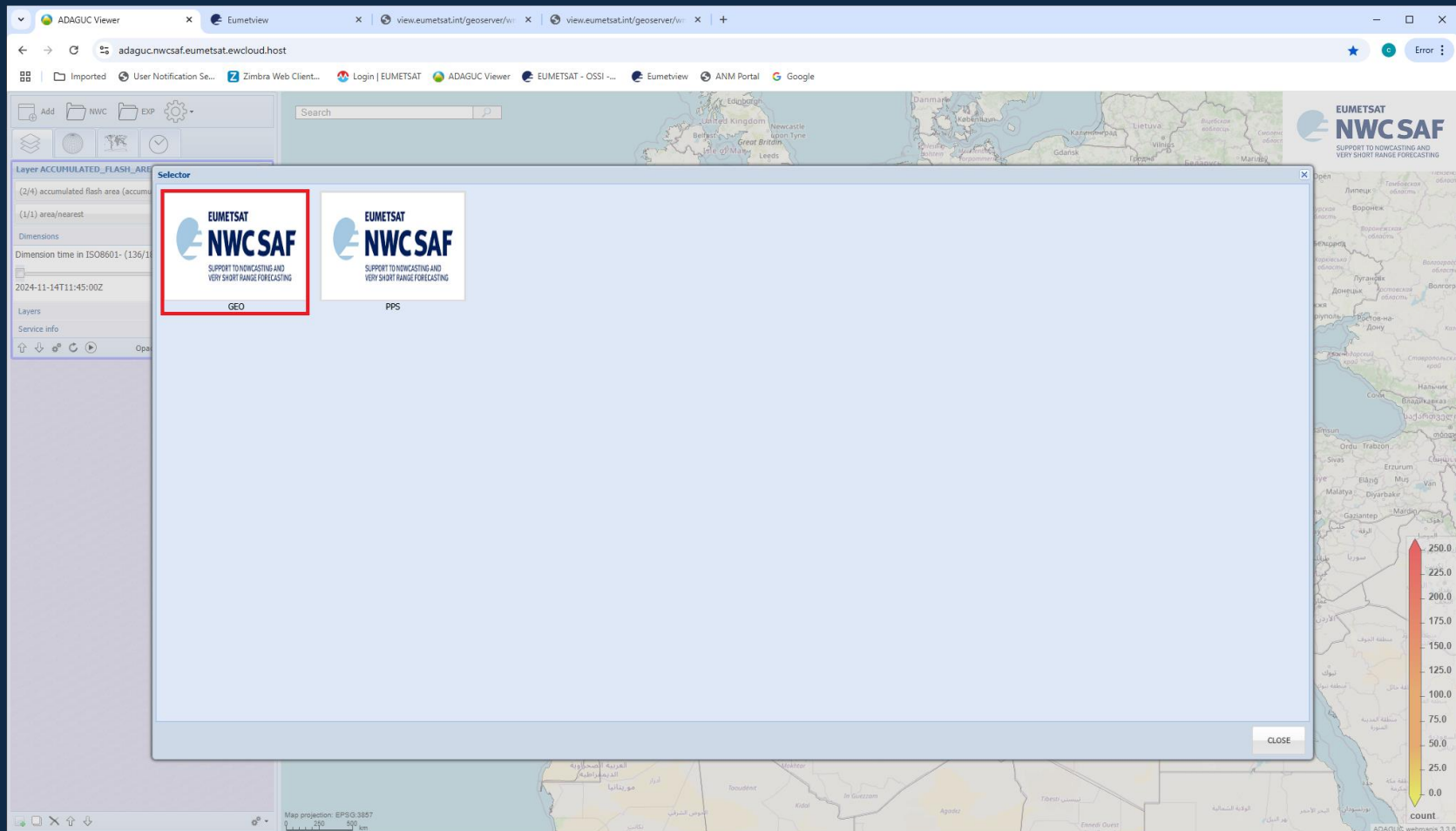
Mali

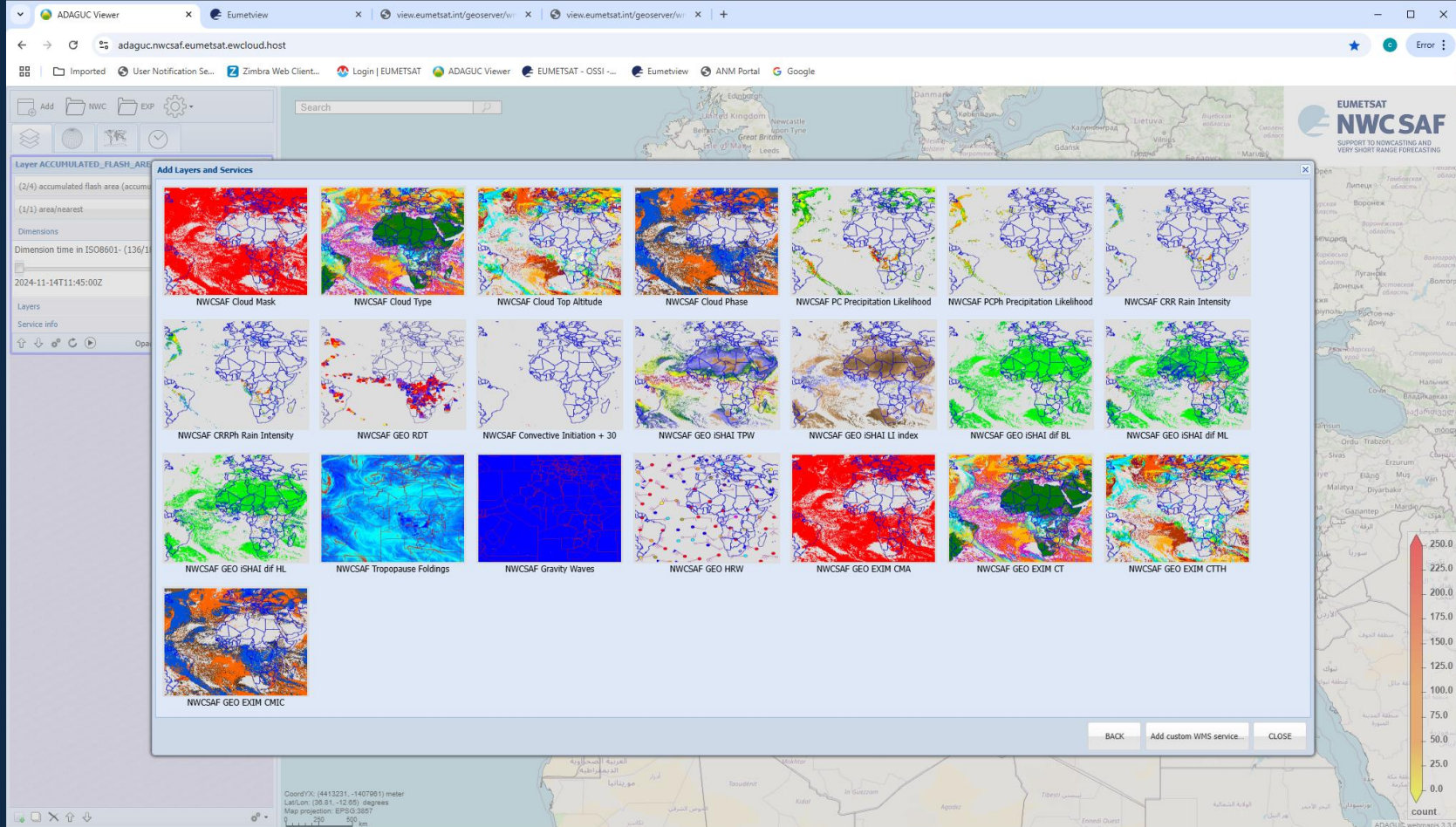
Niger

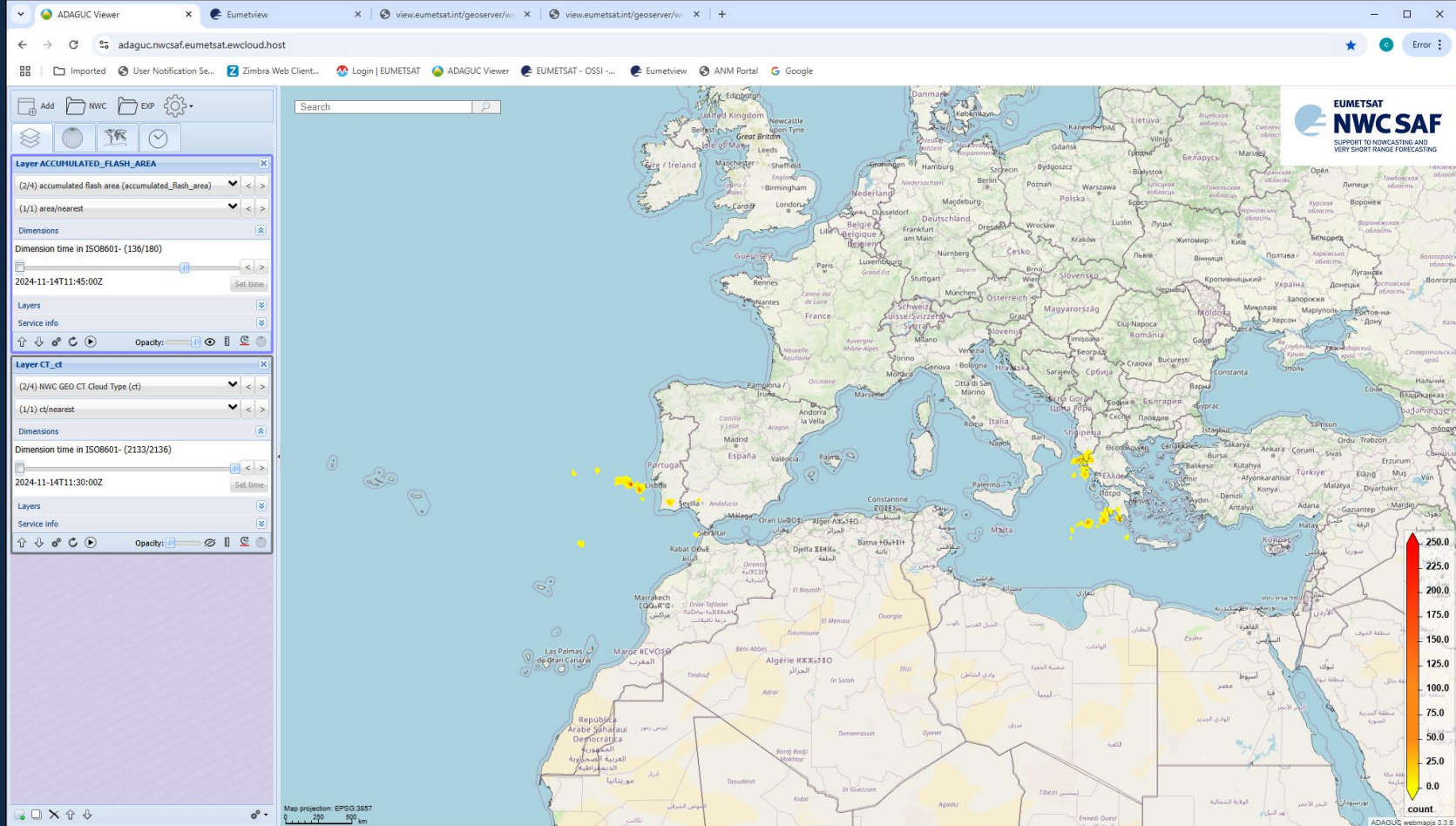
ADAGUC viewer page 3.3.6

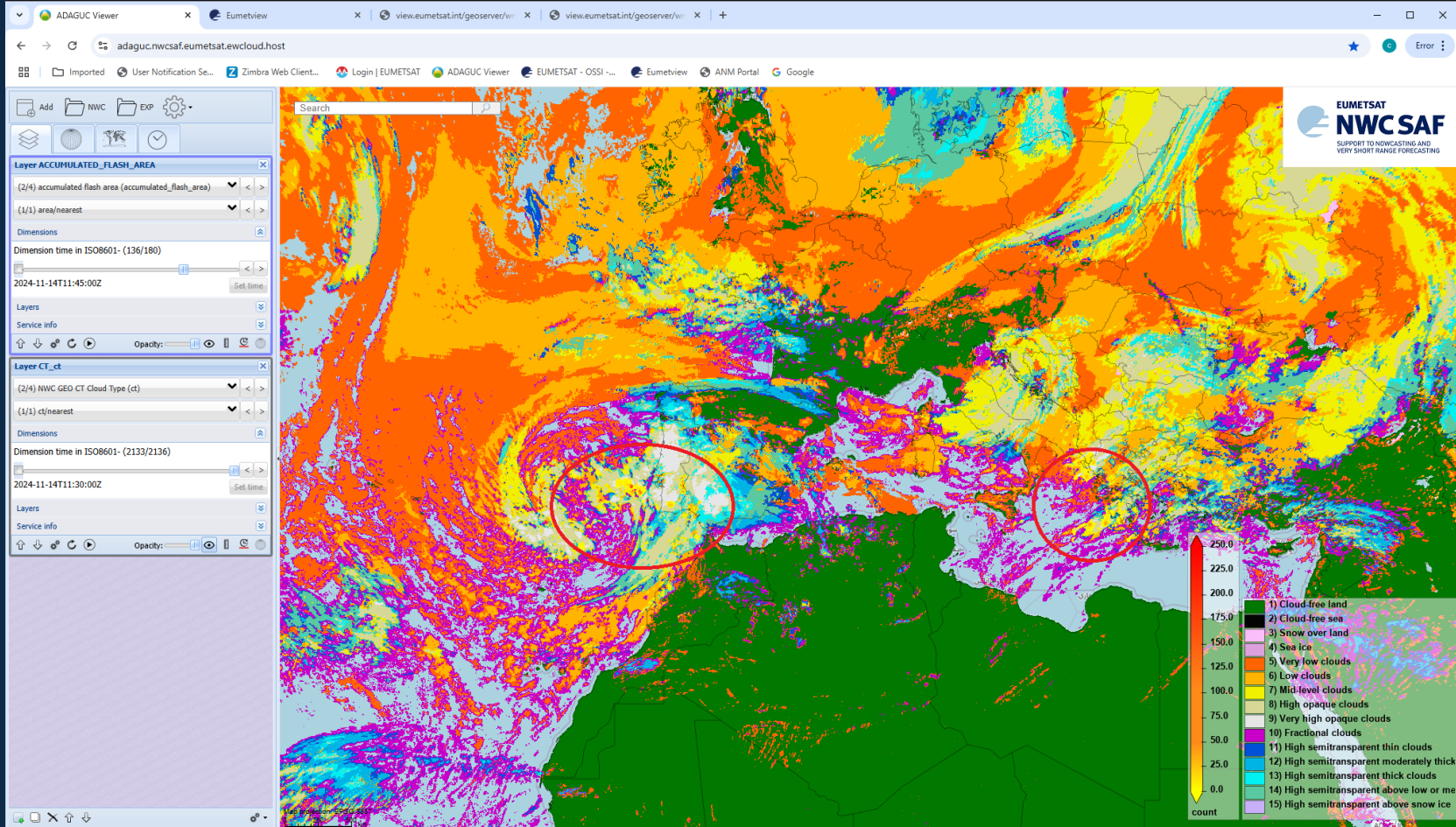


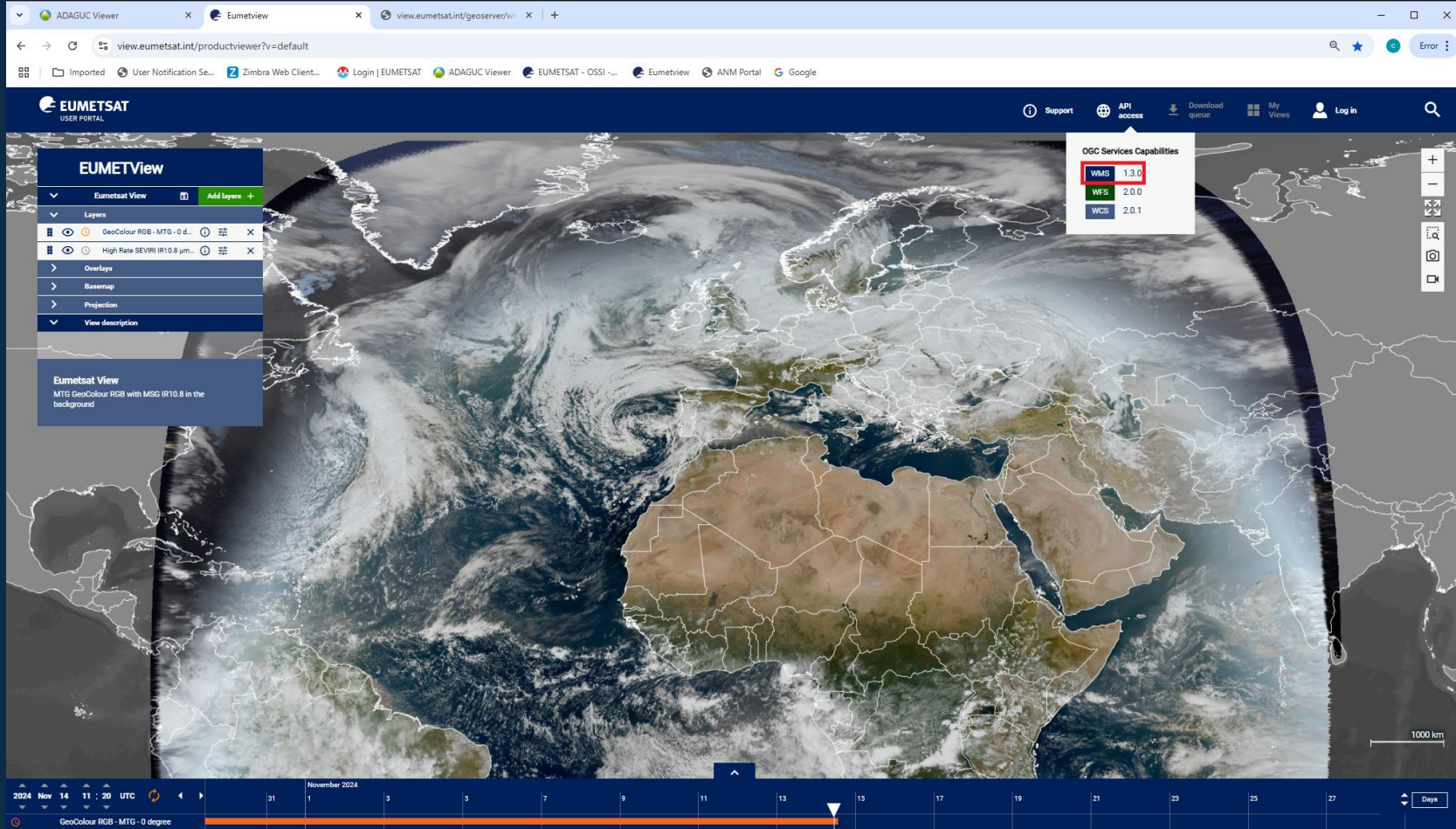












ADAGUC Viewer

Eumetview

view.eumetsat.int/geoserver/...

view.eumetsat.int/geoserver/...

<https://view.eumetsat.int/geoserver/wms?service=WMS&version=1.3.0&request=GetCapabilities>

Google Lens

☆

Error

Imported

User Notification Se...

Zimbra Web Client...

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ADAGUC Viewer

EUMETSAT - OS

This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Capabilities xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/wms" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.opengis.net/wms http://www.opengis.net/wms/1.3.0/capabilities_1_3_0.xsd">
  <Service>
    <Name>WMS</Name>
    <Title>EUMETSAT</Title>
    <Abstract>EUMETSAT visualizations offering via WMS</Abstract>
    <KeywordList>
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    </KeywordList>
    <OnlineResource xlink:type="simple" xlink:href="https://view.eumetsat.int/geoserver/">
    </OnlineResource>
    <ContactInformation>
      <ContactPersonPrimary>
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          <Organization>
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            </AddressType>
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              </PostCode>
              <Country>
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            </Address>
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              <Value>+49 228 7195 2222</Value>
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          <AccessConstraints>
            <Name>None</Name>
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    <Capability>
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            </Post>
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            <Format>application/json;type=utf8</Format>
            <Format>application/pdf</Format>
            <Format>application/rss+xml</Format>
            <Format>application/vnd.google-earth.kml+xml</Format>
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          </Get>
        </Request>
      </Capability>
    </Capabilities>
  </Service>
</Capabilities>

```

Emoji

Win+Period

Send to your devices

Undo Ctrl+Z

Cut Ctrl+X

Copy Ctrl+C

Paste Ctrl+V

Paste and go to https://view.eumetsat.int/productviewer?v=default

Delete

Select all Ctrl+A

Manage search engines and site search

Always show full URLs

Always show Google Lens shortcut

ADAGUC Viewer

adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eu/cloud.host

Imported

User Notification Se...

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ADAGUC Viewer

EUMETSAT - OSSI - ...

Eumetview

ANM Portal

Google

Add

NWC

EXP

Settings

Layers

Tools

Legend

Scale

Search

Add a custom version 1.1.1 Web Map Service (WMS)

<https://view.eumetsat.int/geoserver/wms?service=WMS&version=1.3.0&request=GetCapabilities>

Add your own WMS version 1.1.1 server address in the box above. For example:
https://geoservices.knmi.nl/cgi-bin/RADNL_OPER_R_25PCPRR_L3.cgi?

Add

App: AutoWMS

AutoWMS link:
<https://adaguc.nwcsaf.eumetsat.eu/cloud.host/autowms/>

Current folder: /

Refresh

adaguc:autowms

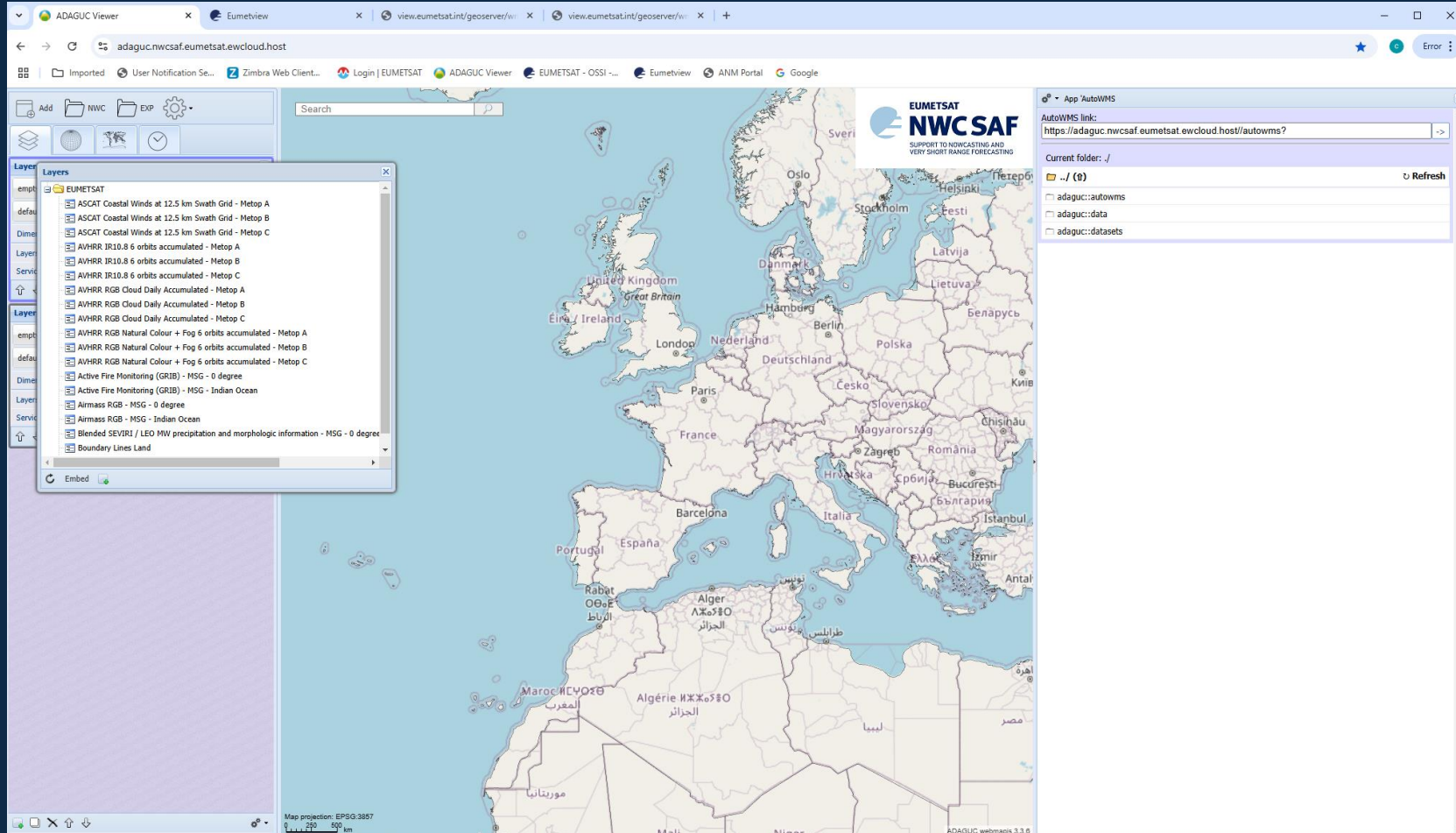
adaguc:data

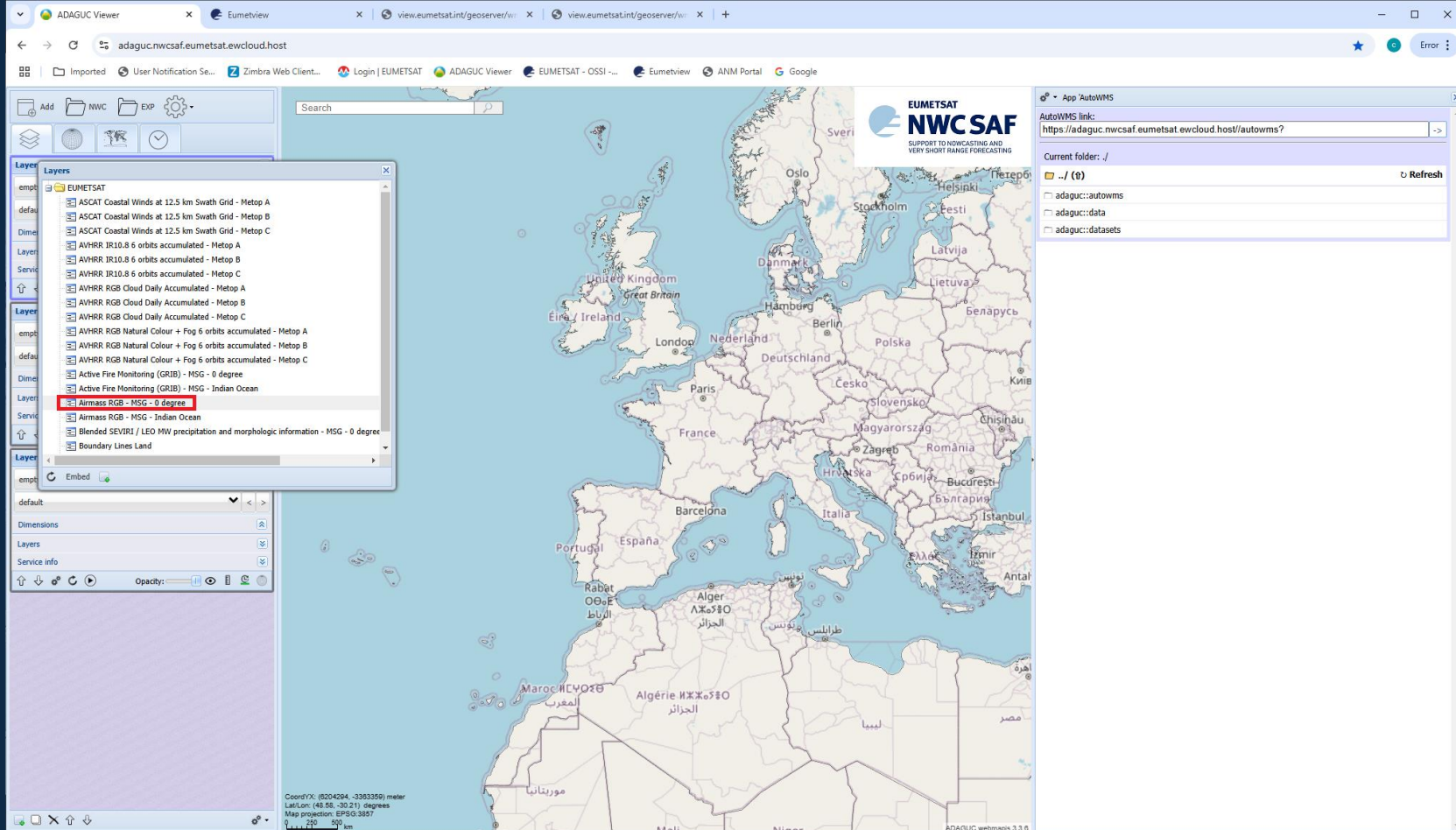
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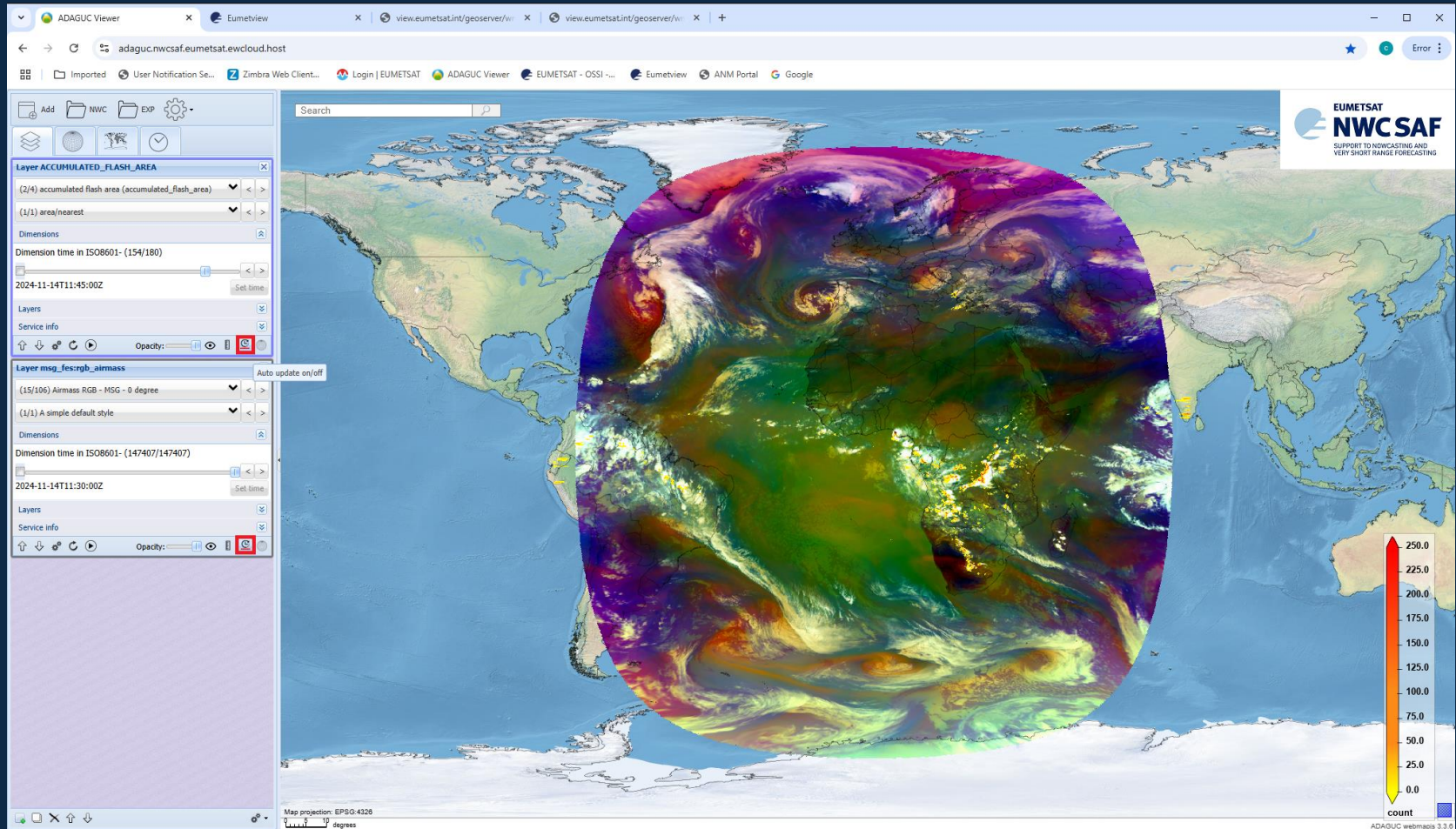
Map projection: EPSG:3857

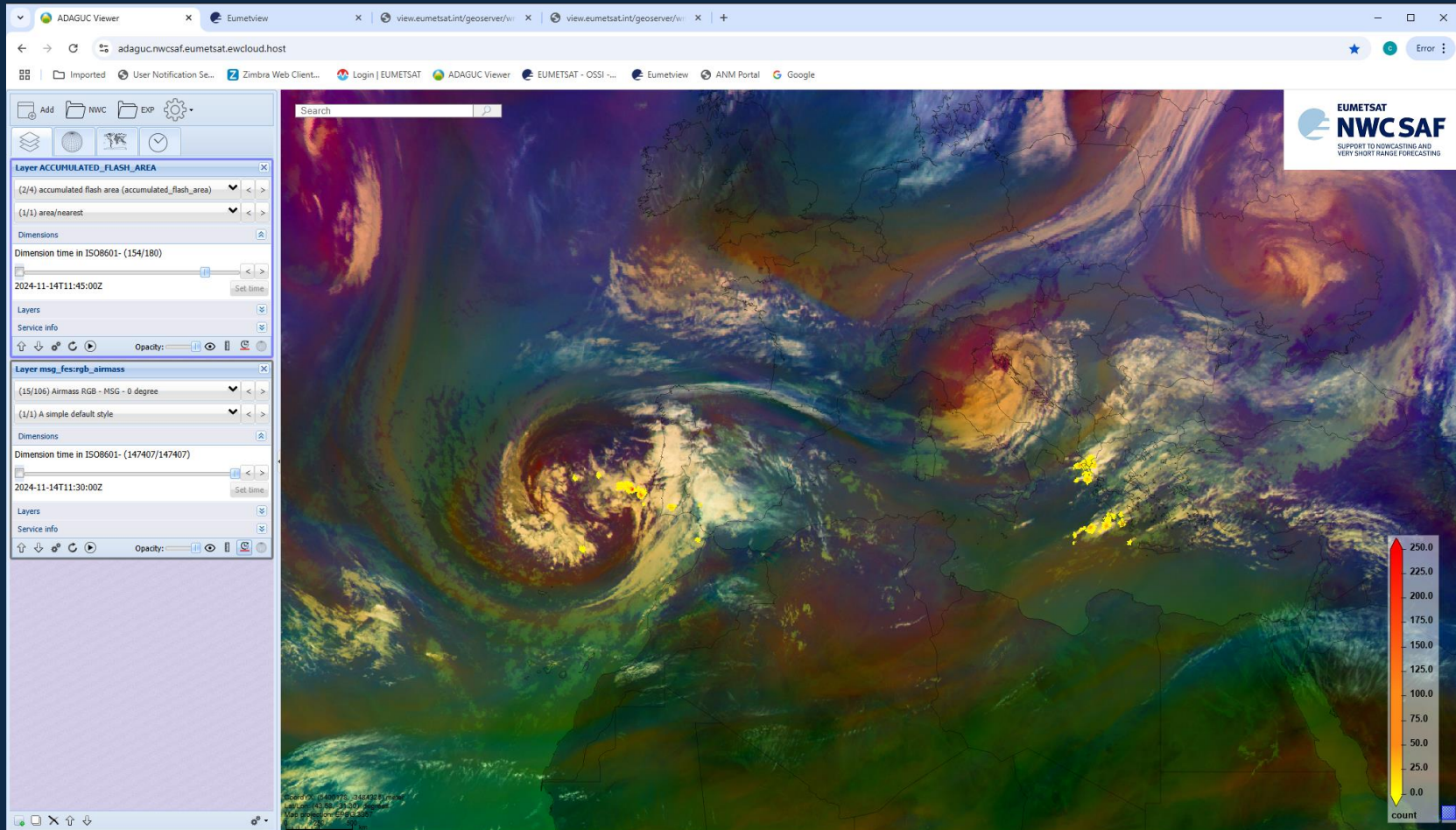
2000m

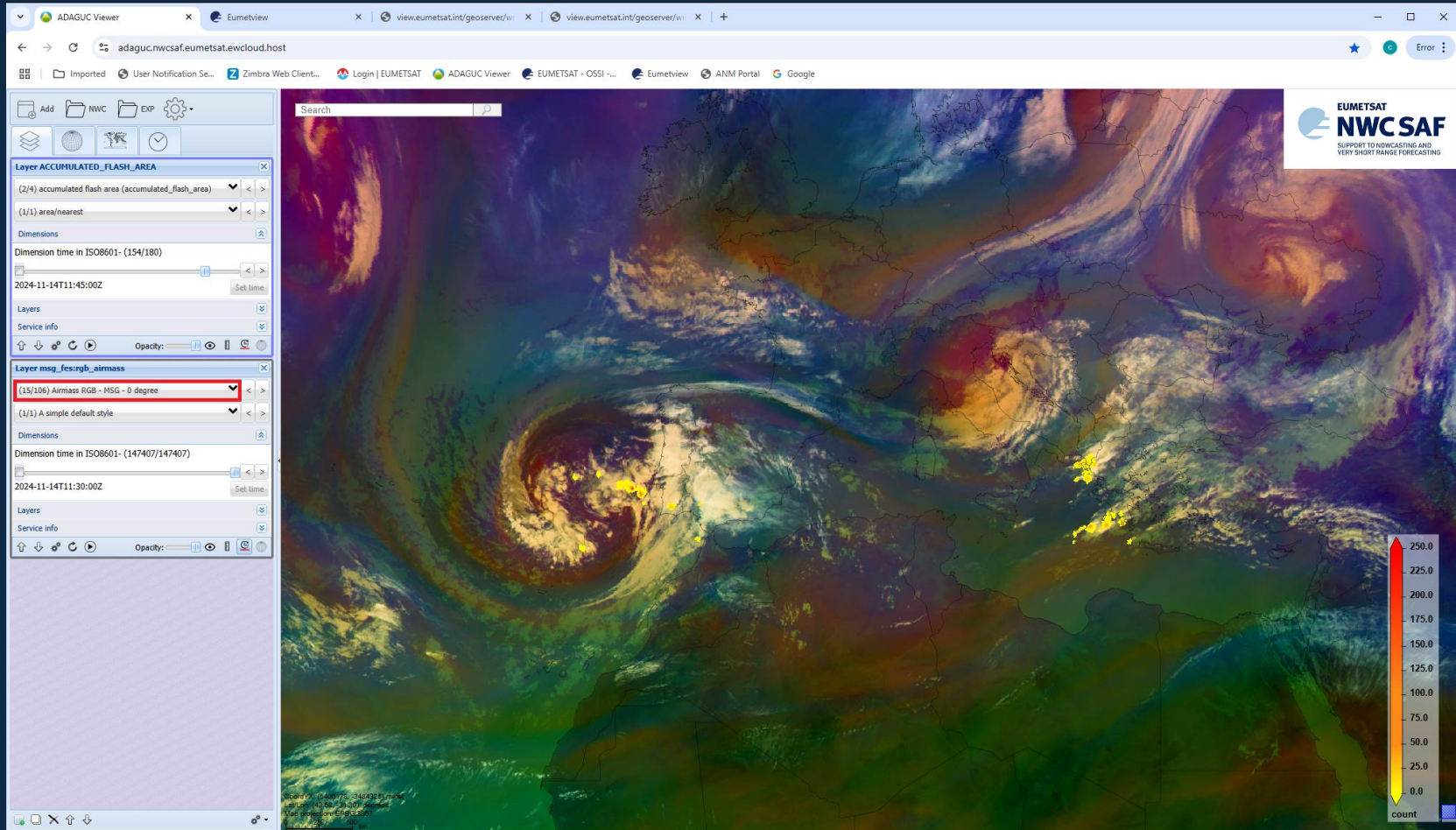
ADAGUC webmaps 3.0.6

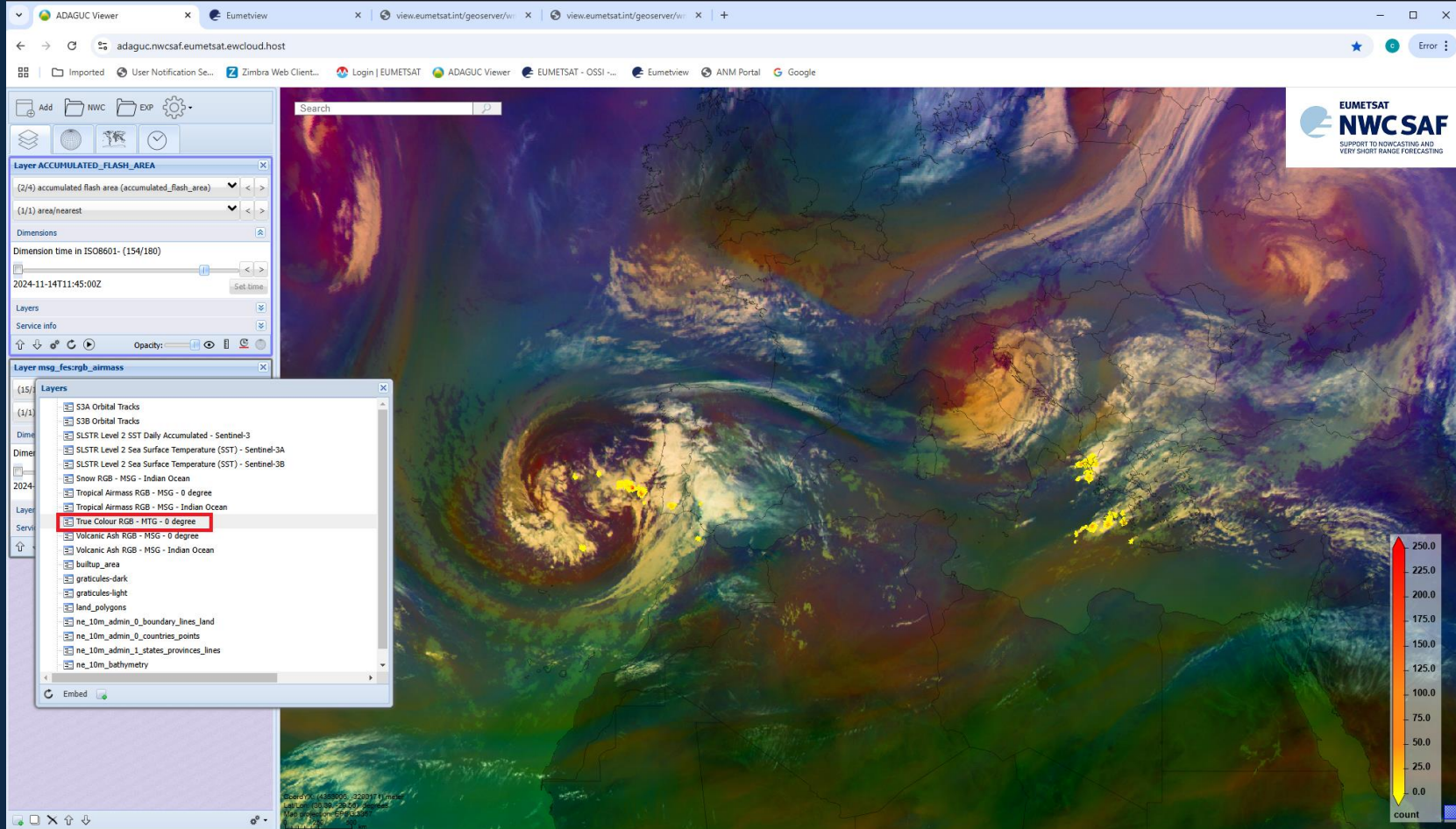


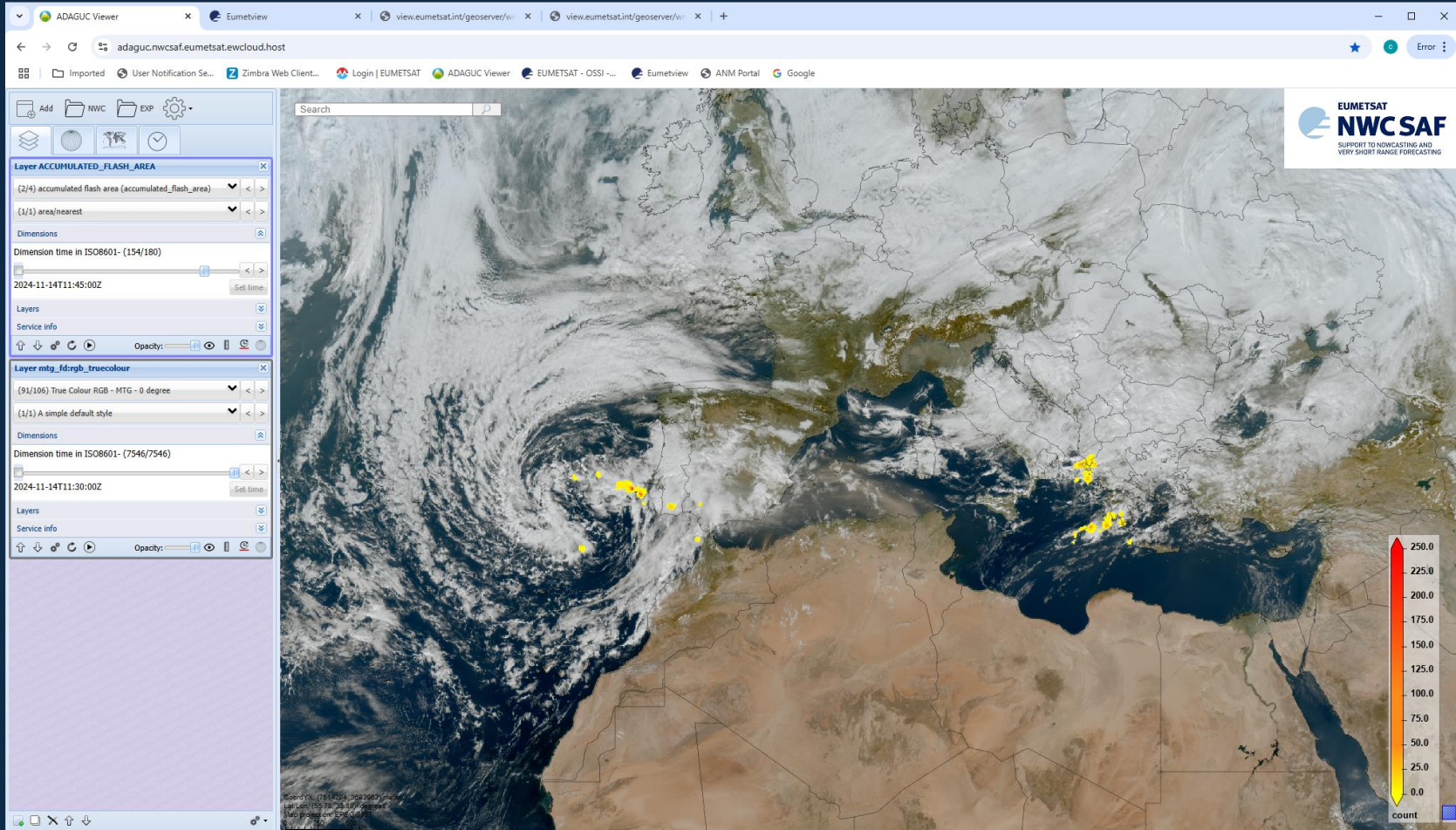


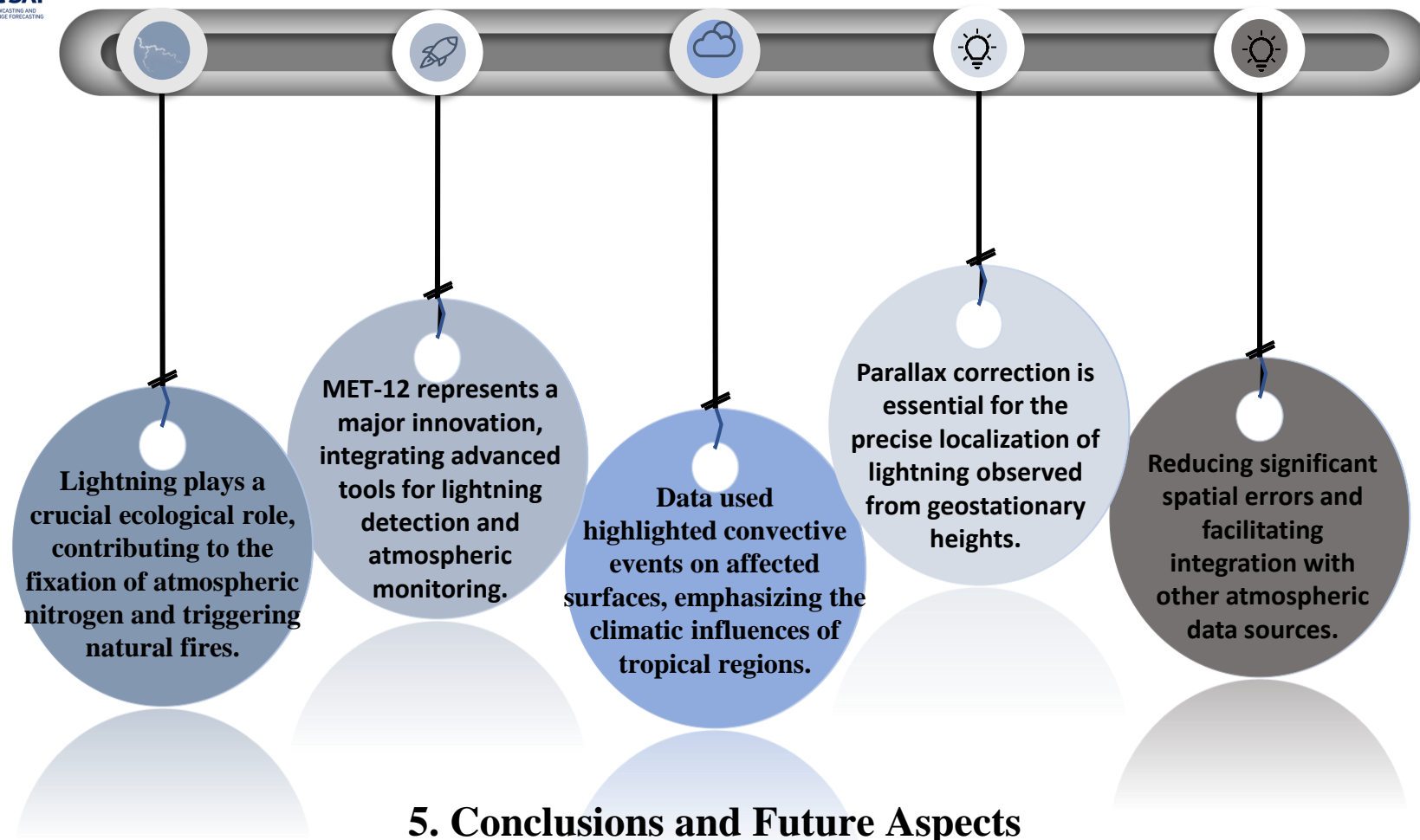












5. Conclusions and Future Aspects

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Thank you very much for your attention!

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